



Department of
Job and Family Services

Office of Workforce Development
Bureau of Labor Market Information

Labor Market Review

January 2010

Summary. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in Ohio, at 10.8 percent in January 2010, remained at the December 2009 level. The national rate decreased from 10.0 percent to 9.7 percent. Total employment in Ohio, at 5,268,000, was unchanged over the month. The number not employed but seeking work advanced 3,000 to 641,000. Nonagricultural wage and salary employment (seasonally adjusted) totaled 4,985,600 in January, down 12,800 from December.

Goods-Producing Industries. Employment in goods-producing industries, at 789,600, declined 1,500. Construction lost 4,200 jobs. Manufacturing increased 2,700 due to a gain in durable goods (+2,700). Total employment in mining and logging and nondurable goods was little changed.

Service-Providing Industries. Service-providing industries dropped 11,300 from December to 4,196,000. Employment was lower in financial activities (-4,700), trade, transportation, and utilities (-4,600), educational and health services (-4,300), and government (-2,600). Increases were posted in professional and business services (+2,800), leisure and hospitality (+2,000), and information (+100). The workforce in other services remained at the December level.

Over the Year. Ohio's unemployment rate, at 10.8 percent in January 2010, was up from 8.6 percent in January 2009. The national rate rose from 7.7 percent to 9.7 percent over the year. Total employment in Ohio was 212,000 lower than January 2009, while total unemployment was up 126,000. Nonagricultural payroll employment fell 222,000 over the year. The workforce in manufacturing was down 65,000 due to losses in durable goods (-51,200) and nondurable goods (-13,800). Employment was also lower in trade, transportation, and utilities (-51,600), professional and business services (-32,300), construction (-30,400), financial activities (-17,900), government (-12,300), information (-6,000), other services (-4,200) leisure and hospitality (-4,000), and mining and logging (-900). Educational and health services advanced 2,600.

Factory Hours and Earnings. Production workers in manufacturing industries in Ohio earned an average of \$745.86 per week in January, down \$9.62 from December. Their average workweek of 40.1 hours was 0.3 hours shorter. Over the year, average weekly earnings in manufacturing rose \$46.80. Durable-goods earnings (\$813.19) were down \$12.55 from December, but up \$63.83 from January 2009. Earnings in nondurable goods, at \$609.95, were down \$7.85 over the month, but up \$13.20 over the year.

Benefits and Costs. Initial claims filed under the Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law numbered 105,708 in January 2010, down 9.2 percent from December and down 28.9 percent from January 2009. Total benefits paid declined 0.8 percent to \$222.9 million. The average weekly benefit payment of \$343.99 was \$18.51 lower than December. The average weekly number of benefit recipients, at 158,220, was up 14.5 percent from last month. At the end of January, there were 226,742 active employer accounts.

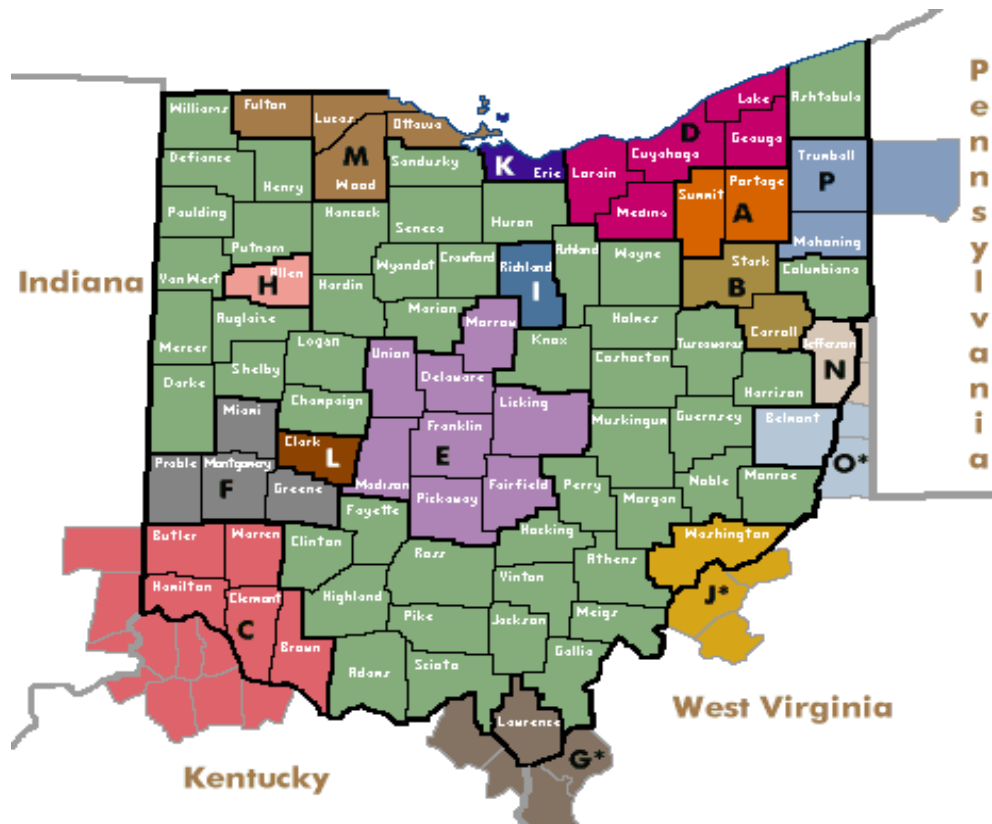
Ohio Department of Job & Family Services

Ted Strickland, *Governor*

Douglas E. Lumpkin, *Director*

Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)

Developed by the United States Office of Management and Budget, Metropolitan Statistical Areas are integrated geographic regions comprised of at least one city and adjacent communities. Metropolitan Statistical Areas make it possible for Federal statistical agencies to utilize the same boundaries when publishing statistical data. Information on the new statistical area designations based on the 2000 Census may be found at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.



- A. Akron MSA**
- B. Canton-Massillon MSA**
- C. Cincinnati-Middletown MSA,**
including Dearborn, Franklin & Ohio
Counties in Indiana and Boone,
Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant,
Kenton & Pendleton Counties in
Kentucky
- D. Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA**
- E. Columbus MSA**
- F. Dayton MSA**
- G. * Huntington-Ashland MSA,**
including Boyd & Greenup Counties
in Kentucky and Cabell & Wayne
Counties in West Virginia
- H. Lima MSA**
- I. Mansfield MSA**
- J. * Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna
MSA,** including Pleasants, Wirt,
& Wood Counties in West Virginia
- K. Sandusky MSA**
- L. Springfield MSA**
- M. Toledo MSA**
- N. Weirton-Steubenville MSA,** including
Brooke & Hancock Counties in West
Virginia
- O. * Wheeling MSA,** including Marshall
& Ohio Counties in West Virginia
- P. Youngstown-Warren-Boardman
MSA,** including Mercer County in
Pennsylvania

* West Virginia MSAs that include Ohio counties. Data may be viewed at <http://www.wvbep.org/bep/lmi/>.

**The Ohio Labor Market Review
is available on our website at
<http://OhioLMI.com/ces/lmr.htm>**

Users may access the latest edition of the *Ohio Labor Market Review* at this web address during the last week of the month following the reference month. If you have questions about the data, please contact the Bureau of Labor Market Information at (800) 543-4953.

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Technical Notes

Current estimates are preliminary, based upon employment trends reported by a sample of employers. Estimates are revised annually.

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Ohio
Civilian Labor Force and Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment Estimates
Seasonally Adjusted^a

	Employment in Thousands <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>		Percent Change	
	January 2010	December 2009	January 2009	From Last Month	From Last Year	From Last Month	From Last Year
LAUS Program ^b							
Civilian Labor Force	5,909.0	5,905.0	5,995.0	4.0	-86.0	0.1	-1.4
Employment	5,268.0	5,268.0	5,480.0	0.0	-212.0	0.0	-3.9
Unemployment	641.0	638.0	515.0	3.0	126.0	0.5	24.5
Unemployment Rate	10.8%	10.8%	8.6%				
Employer Survey Data ^c							
Total	4,985.6	4,998.4	5,207.6	-12.8	-222.0	-0.3	-4.3
Goods-Producing Industries	789.6	791.1	885.9	-1.5	-96.3	-0.2	-10.9
Mining and Logging	11.2	11.2	12.1	0.0	-0.9	0.0	-7.4
Construction	167.5	171.7	197.9	-4.2	-30.4	-2.4	-15.4
Manufacturing	610.9	608.2	675.9	2.7	-65.0	0.4	-9.6
Durable Goods	406.4	403.7	457.6	2.7	-51.2	0.7	-11.2
Nondurable Goods	204.5	204.5	218.3	0.0	-13.8	0.0	-6.3
Service-Providing Industries	4,196.0	4,207.3	4,321.7	-11.3	-125.7	-0.3	-2.9
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	945.6	950.2	997.2	-4.6	-51.6	-0.5	-5.2
Wholesale Trade	210.9	215.6	228.9	-4.7	-18.0	-2.2	-7.9
Retail Trade	556.8	557.3	570.4	-0.5	-13.6	-0.1	-2.4
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	177.9	177.3	197.9	0.6	-20.0	0.3	-10.1
Information	78.0	77.9	84.0	0.1	-6.0	0.1	-7.1
Financial Activities	267.1	271.8	285.0	-4.7	-17.9	-1.7	-6.3
Finance and Insurance	211.5	215.7	222.7	-4.2	-11.2	-1.9	-5.0
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	55.6	56.1	62.3	-0.5	-6.7	-0.9	-10.8
Professional & Business Services	609.4	606.6	641.7	2.8	-32.3	0.5	-5.0
Professional & Technical Services	231.1	231.9	245.4	-0.8	-14.3	-0.3	-5.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	105.9	107.2	110.8	-1.3	-4.9	-1.2	-4.4
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	272.4	267.5	285.5	4.9	-13.1	1.8	-4.6
Educational & Health Services	825.2	829.5	822.6	-4.3	2.6	-0.5	0.3
Educational Services	104.1	108.1	109.1	-4.0	-5.0	-3.7	-4.6
Health Care & Social Assistance	721.1	721.4	713.5	-0.3	7.6	0.0	1.1
Leisure & Hospitality	477.3	475.3	481.3	2.0	-4.0	0.4	-0.8
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	65.3	66.2	62.7	-0.9	2.6	-1.4	4.1
Accommodation & Food Services	412.0	409.1	418.6	2.9	-6.6	0.7	-1.6
Other Services	211.5	211.5	215.7	0.0	-4.2	0.0	-1.9
Government	781.9	784.5	794.2	-2.6	-12.3	-0.3	-1.5
Federal Government	78.9	77.1	77.9	1.8	1.0	2.3	1.3
State Government	162.9	164.0	164.6	-1.1	-1.7	-0.7	-1.0
Local Government	540.1	543.4	551.7	-3.3	-11.6	-0.6	-2.1

^aData for latest month are preliminary, although other months are subject to revision. Subtotals may not add to totals due to rounding. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded figures. All data exclude military personnel. ^bData are Local Area Unemployment Statistics estimates based on place of residence. ^cFrom the Current Employment Statistics Survey, a monthly survey of approximately 12,100 employers conducted by ODJFS in cooperation with the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Estimates represent nonagricultural wage and salary jobs by place of work. ^dDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment

(in thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Goods & Service Total	Goods Producing				Service Providing								
		Goods Producing Total	Mining & Logging	Construction	Manufacturing	Service Providing Total	Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	Information	Financial Activities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Leisure & Hospitality	Other Services	Government
2008														
January	5,425.7	993.1	11.8	221.1	760.2	4,432.6	1,050.1	86.7	294.2	676.6	808.0	498.8	221.1	797.1
February	5,422.9	989.4	11.8	218.7	758.9	4,433.5	1,047.6	86.6	293.6	678.2	809.6	498.6	221.1	798.2
March	5,394.7	979.6	11.6	216.1	751.9	4,415.1	1,044.7	86.5	292.9	674.6	809.3	492.1	219.6	795.4
April	5,402.0	976.7	11.6	215.0	750.1	4,425.3	1,044.9	86.7	292.5	676.4	810.7	496.3	220.4	797.4
May	5,393.2	973.2	11.8	213.6	747.8	4,420.0	1,042.1	86.2	291.8	675.3	812.6	497.7	220.4	793.9
June	5,380.5	969.6	11.8	211.7	746.1	4,410.9	1,038.6	85.8	290.7	673.5	812.6	493.5	220.2	796.0
July	5,371.8	966.1	12.0	210.6	743.5	4,405.7	1,036.0	85.8	289.8	672.9	813.5	492.0	219.7	796.0
August	5,361.7	957.9	12.1	209.6	736.2	4,403.8	1,035.2	85.9	289.3	669.8	815.6	491.4	219.8	796.8
September	5,339.1	951.2	12.2	207.8	731.2	4,387.9	1,029.2	85.2	288.4	664.8	816.4	488.7	219.3	795.9
October	5,322.2	945.0	12.3	207.1	725.6	4,377.2	1,023.5	85.0	287.5	659.8	818.5	487.3	219.1	796.5
November	5,281.8	928.6	12.2	203.0	713.4	4,353.2	1,010.6	84.9	286.9	653.4	819.4	483.5	217.8	796.7
December	5,253.8	913.6	12.1	199.7	701.8	4,340.2	1,005.4	84.4	285.9	647.8	820.6	484.1	217.0	795.0
2009														
January	5,207.6	885.9	12.1	197.9	675.9	4,321.7	997.2	84.0	285.0	641.7	822.6	481.3	215.7	794.2
February	5,180.4	874.0	12.0	195.5	666.5	4,306.4	992.6	83.5	283.5	635.0	823.7	480.0	215.4	792.7
March	5,148.5	860.5	12.0	193.7	654.8	4,288.0	985.3	82.6	282.4	627.2	823.9	480.1	214.4	792.1
April	5,114.1	839.3	11.9	182.6	644.8	4,274.8	977.2	81.7	281.4	620.8	824.5	478.6	213.9	796.7
May	5,077.6	820.7	11.9	181.0	627.8	4,256.9	972.1	81.2	280.4	617.1	825.1	478.7	213.5	788.8
June	5,046.2	803.2	11.8	178.8	612.6	4,243.0	967.6	80.6	279.5	611.2	824.8	476.3	212.6	790.4
July	5,041.0	804.2	11.8	177.9	614.5	4,236.8	964.0	80.3	279.2	607.6	828.3	476.6	212.5	788.3
August	5,023.9	800.1	11.6	175.3	613.2	4,223.8	959.7	79.9	277.8	604.7	828.4	474.2	211.5	787.6
September	5,014.8	796.3	11.6	173.1	611.6	4,218.5	956.1	79.6	277.4	603.0	827.3	475.4	211.1	788.6
October	5,016.9	799.0	11.5	174.2	613.3	4,217.9	955.3	77.6	274.1	607.5	827.8	476.8	211.7	787.1
November	5,009.2	791.9	11.4	175.4	605.1	4,217.3	954.2	77.4	272.4	611.3	827.5	476.4	212.0	786.1
December	4,998.4	791.1	11.2	171.7	608.2	4,207.3	950.2	77.9	271.8	606.6	829.5	475.3	211.5	784.5
2010														
January	4,985.6	789.6	11.2	167.5	610.9	4,196.0	945.6	78.0	267.1	609.4	825.2	477.3	211.5	781.9

Ohio Civilian Labor Force Estimates

(in thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted

	Civilian Labor Force			Unemployment Rates	
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Ohio	U.S.
1999	5,781	5,534	246	4.3%	4.2%
2000	5,807	5,573	234	4.0%	4.0%
2001	5,826	5,567	259	4.4%	4.7%
2002	5,838	5,503	335	5.7%	5.8%
2003	5,860	5,499	361	6.2%	6.0%
2004	5,863	5,503	360	6.1%	5.5%
2005	5,882	5,537	344	5.9%	5.1%
2006	5,934	5,622	321	5.4%	4.6%
2007	5,974	5,639	335	5.6%	4.6%
2008	5,985	5,592	393	6.6%	5.8%
2009	5,970	5,359	611	10.2%	9.3%
2009					
January	5,995	5,480	515	8.6%	7.7%
February	6,002	5,454	548	9.1%	8.2%
March	6,008	5,429	578	9.6%	8.6%
April	6,009	5,407	602	10.0%	8.9%
May	6,004	5,385	619	10.3%	9.4%
June	5,993	5,363	630	10.5%	9.5%
July	5,978	5,342	636	10.6%	9.4%
August	5,961	5,323	638	10.7%	9.7%
September	5,944	5,306	638	10.7%	9.8%
October	5,928	5,291	638	10.8%	10.1%
November	5,915	5,278	637	10.8%	10.0%
December	5,905	5,268	638	10.8%	10.0%
2010					
January	5,909	5,268	641	10.8%	9.7%

Selected Unemployment Insurance Activities in Ohio

	January 2010	December 2009	January 2009
Initial Claims	105,708	116,368	148,641
Continued Claims	937,457	741,678	1,003,224
First Payments	50,007	34,319	82,061
Last Payments	18,733	21,003	11,157
Average Weekly Claimants	223,204	161,234	228,005
Average Weekly Benefit Recipients	158,220	138,235	178,976
Weeks Claimed that were Actually Paid	664,526	635,881	787,495
Benefits Paid	\$222,892,476	\$224,753,922	\$240,013,791
Average Weekly Payment	\$343.99	\$362.50	\$311.83
Continued Claims for Survey Week	197,778	181,681	251,165
Insured Unemployment Rate	4.3%	3.1%	4.4%
Active Employer Accounts	226,742	227,429	226,892

Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	4,884.0	5,045.4	5,099.9	-161.4	-215.9
Goods-Producing Industries	761.6	792.2	855.4	-30.6	-93.8
Mining and Logging	10.7	11.2	11.6	-0.5	-0.9
Construction	144.9	168.7	173.5	-23.8	-28.6
Construction of Buildings	31.7	37.6	42.9	-5.9	-11.2
Nonresidential Building Construction	19.8	22.3	25.5	-2.5	-5.7
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	15.1	18.2	17.0	-3.1	-1.9
Specialty Trade Contractors	98.1	112.9	113.6	-14.8	-15.5
Manufacturing	606.0	612.3	670.3	-6.3	-64.3
<i>Durable Goods^d</i>	403.9	407.5	453.8	-3.6	-49.9
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	22.0	23.2	25.4	-1.2	-3.4
Primary Metals	34.8	34.9	43.1	-0.1	-8.3
Iron and Steel Mills and Ferroalloy Mfg.	8.1	8.1	11.3	0.0	-3.2
Fabricated Metal Products	91.7	91.7	106.5	0.0	-14.8
Machine Shops and Threaded Products	18.9	19.2	24.7	-0.3	-5.8
Machinery Manufacturing	64.4	65.1	76.5	-0.7	-12.1
Metalworking Machinery	17.5	17.9	22.1	-0.4	-4.6
Computer and Electronic Products	19.6	19.7	21.9	-0.1	-2.3
Electrical Equipment and Appliance Mfg.	25.1	25.4	28.3	-0.3	-3.2
Electric Lighting Equipment	2.7	2.7	3.6	0.0	-0.9
Household Appliances	9.3	9.4	9.0	-0.1	0.3
Transportation Equipment	97.6	98.5	99.4	-0.9	-1.8
Motor Vehicles	17.9	18.1	14.7	-0.2	3.2
Motor Vehicle Parts	54.4	55.5	58.8	-1.1	-4.4
Aerospace Products and Parts	15.5	15.5	16.8	0.0	-1.3
Furniture and Related Products	15.2	15.1	17.7	0.1	-2.5
<i>Nondurable Goods^e</i>	202.1	204.8	216.5	-2.7	-14.4
Food Manufacturing	49.7	51.1	52.6	-1.4	-2.9
Dairy Products	7.3	7.4	7.2	-0.1	0.1
Printing and Related Support Activities	23.8	24.5	27.1	-0.7	-3.3
Chemical Manufacturing	42.1	42.2	44.0	-0.1	-1.9
Plastics and Rubber Products	46.2	47.3	52.5	-1.1	-6.3
Plastics Products	34.6	35.4	38.9	-0.8	-4.3
Rubber Products	11.6	11.9	13.6	-0.3	-2.0

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Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

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	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Service-Providing Industries	4,122.4	4,253.2	4,244.5	-130.8	-122.1
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	935.1	980.0	985.6	-44.9	-50.5
<i>Wholesale Trade</i>	209.1	215.6	226.8	-6.5	-17.7
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	114.1	115.3	124.8	-1.2	-10.7
Professional and Commercial Equipment	23.5	23.7	24.5	-0.2	-1.0
Machinery, Equipment, and Supplies	29.1	28.6	32.3	0.5	-3.2
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	69.1	73.2	73.6	-4.1	-4.5
<i>Retail Trade</i>	550.9	582.7	563.3	-31.8	-12.4
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	62.1	63.1	66.9	-1.0	-4.8
Automobile Dealers	37.0	37.7	41.0	-0.7	-4.0
Furniture and Home Furnishings Stores	13.4	14.2	14.7	-0.8	-1.3
Building Material and Garden Supply Stores	44.0	45.3	43.5	-1.3	0.5
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	38.0	38.9	38.3	-0.9	-0.3
Food and Beverage Stores	103.0	107.3	106.1	-4.3	-3.1
Grocery Stores	94.0	96.2	94.4	-2.2	-0.4
Health and Personal Care Stores	37.5	38.3	37.8	-0.8	-0.3
Gasoline Stations	32.1	32.6	32.8	-0.5	-0.7
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	43.8	50.1	44.2	-6.3	-0.4
General Merchandise Stores	119.8	127.7	121.7	-7.9	-1.9
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	28.5	30.3	30.0	-1.8	-1.5
<i>Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities</i>	175.1	181.7	195.5	-6.6	-20.4
Utilities	20.6	20.8	21.7	-0.2	-1.1
Transportation and Warehousing	154.5	160.9	173.8	-6.4	-19.3
Air Transportation	11.2	11.2	11.6	0.0	-0.4
Truck Transportation	57.0	58.7	63.1	-1.7	-6.1
Information	77.9	78.4	83.6	-0.5	-5.7
Publishing Industries, Except Internet	27.4	27.7	30.0	-0.3	-2.6
Telecommunications	29.2	29.3	30.9	-0.1	-1.7
Financial Activities	266.2	272.1	282.9	-5.9	-16.7
Finance and Insurance	212.0	216.2	222.1	-4.2	-10.1
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	91.6	93.9	97.3	-2.3	-5.7
Depository Credit Intermediation	61.0	62.0	64.1	-1.0	-3.1
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	103.4	104.7	106.7	-1.3	-3.3
Insurance Carriers	71.2	71.5	72.2	-0.3	-1.0
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	54.2	55.9	60.8	-1.7	-6.6

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Ohio
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

- continued -

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Professional and Business Services	593.1	610.0	625.7	-16.9	-32.6
Professional and Technical Services	232.5	233.8	248.5	-1.3	-16.0
Legal Services	34.6	35.3	35.9	-0.7	-1.3
Accounting and Bookkeeping Services	35.3	32.3	38.3	3.0	-3.0
Architectural and Engineering Services	37.6	38.2	40.4	-0.6	-2.8
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	53.4	52.3	52.8	1.1	0.6
Management and Technical Consulting Services	22.1	22.8	23.1	-0.7	-1.0
Advertising and Related Services	14.3	14.7	15.1	-0.4	-0.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	105.4	107.3	110.2	-1.9	-4.8
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	255.2	268.9	267.0	-13.7	-11.8
Administrative and Support Services	242.8	256.1	254.0	-13.3	-11.2
Employment Services	100.9	110.9	105.3	-10.0	-4.4
Business Support Services	37.8	38.5	39.1	-0.7	-1.3
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	51.6	53.8	53.3	-2.2	-1.7
Educational and Health Services	820.9	839.9	818.6	-19.0	2.3
Educational Services	103.5	114.8	110.0	-11.3	-6.5
Colleges and Universities	48.4	55.5	52.1	-7.1	-3.7
Health Care and Social Assistance	717.4	725.1	708.6	-7.7	8.8
Hospitals	229.6	230.0	228.7	-0.4	0.9
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	165.6	168.5	165.0	-2.9	0.6
Social Assistance	87.7	88.5	86.6	-0.8	1.1
Leisure and Hospitality	444.0	461.4	445.5	-17.4	-1.5
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	49.0	55.8	45.4	-6.8	3.6
Accommodation and Food Services	395.0	405.6	400.1	-10.6	-5.1
Accommodation	27.3	29.0	30.7	-1.7	-3.4
Food Services and Drinking Places	367.7	376.6	369.4	-8.9	-1.7
Other Services	208.7	211.5	212.4	-2.8	-3.7
Repair and Maintenance	39.3	39.7	42.0	-0.4	-2.7
Personal and Laundry Services	52.6	53.2	55.1	-0.6	-2.5
Membership Associations and Organizations	116.8	118.6	115.3	-1.8	1.5
Government	776.5	799.9	790.2	-23.4	-13.7
Federal Government	79.0	77.8	77.9	1.2	1.1
U.S. Postal Service	26.9	26.2	29.0	0.7	-2.1
State Government	162.7	171.1	164.6	-8.4	-1.9
State Government Education [†]	88.6	97.7	90.6	-9.1	-2.0
State Government Hospitals	14.4	14.4	13.9	0.0	0.5
Local Government	534.8	551.0	547.7	-16.2	-12.9
Local Government Education	290.0	303.7	291.0	-13.7	-1.0
Local Government Hospitals	15.4	15.4	16.0	0.0	-0.6

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes textile mills; textile products mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; petroleum and coal products. ^fIncludes State universities, State schools for the deaf and blind, and the State library. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Ohio and MSA

Hours and Earnings of Production or Nonsupervisory Workers^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 2010 ^b	Dec. 2009 ^c	Jan. 2009 ^c	Jan. 2010 ^b	Dec. 2009 ^c	Jan. 2009 ^c	Jan. 2010 ^b	Dec. 2009 ^c	Jan. 2009 ^c
Ohio									
Goods-Producing Industries	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Construction	\$858.87	\$876.58	\$862.96	37.1	37.8	36.8	\$23.15	\$23.19	\$23.45
Manufacturing	\$745.86	\$755.48	\$699.06	40.1	40.4	38.2	\$18.60	\$18.70	\$18.30
Durable Goods^d	\$813.19	\$825.74	\$749.36	40.7	41.0	38.0	\$19.98	\$20.14	\$19.72
Fabricated Metal Products	\$691.01	\$693.12	\$656.17	40.6	40.7	39.6	\$17.02	\$17.03	\$16.57
Machinery Manufacturing	\$757.44	\$751.31	\$741.93	41.3	41.1	40.9	\$18.34	\$18.28	\$18.14
Transportation Equipment	\$998.00	\$1,010.32	\$880.38	40.0	40.3	35.3	\$24.95	\$25.07	\$24.94
Nondurable Goods^e	\$609.95	\$617.80	\$596.75	38.9	39.3	38.7	\$15.68	\$15.72	\$15.42
Food Manufacturing ^g	\$498.96	\$499.34	\$498.95	37.8	37.8	37.6	\$13.20	\$13.21	\$13.27
Service-Providing Industries	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wholesale Trade	\$660.00	\$655.19	\$682.18	37.5	37.1	37.4	\$17.60	\$17.66	\$18.24
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	\$632.35	\$633.56	\$657.11	36.3	36.1	37.7	\$17.42	\$17.55	\$17.43
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	\$713.55	\$707.25	\$706.68	40.2	39.8	39.0	\$17.75	\$17.77	\$18.12
Retail Trade^f	\$347.19	\$351.12	\$336.97	29.7	30.4	29.2	\$11.69	\$11.55	\$11.54
Financial Activities	\$721.65	\$718.09	\$739.40	36.8	36.6	37.1	\$19.61	\$19.62	\$19.93
Finance and Insurance	\$798.34	\$794.34	\$801.79	38.4	38.3	38.4	\$20.79	\$20.74	\$20.88
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	\$785.78	\$771.84	\$786.42	38.9	38.4	39.4	\$20.20	\$20.10	\$19.96
Health Care and Social Assistance	\$571.79	\$574.62	\$552.55	31.4	31.4	31.2	\$18.21	\$18.30	\$17.71
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Akron									
Manufacturing	\$711.94	\$705.61	\$681.80	41.2	41.0	40.9	\$17.28	\$17.21	\$16.67
Cincinnati-Middletown									
Manufacturing	\$702.69	\$693.06	\$732.65	39.7	39.2	39.2	\$17.70	\$17.68	\$18.69
Durable Goods	\$778.44	\$770.61	\$749.66	39.0	38.9	37.9	\$19.96	\$19.81	\$19.78
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor									
Manufacturing	\$703.29	\$699.27	\$689.91	39.4	39.0	39.0	\$17.85	\$17.93	\$17.69
Durable Goods	\$791.44	\$798.60	\$733.78	40.4	40.6	38.0	\$19.59	\$19.67	\$19.31
Columbus									
Manufacturing	\$744.28	\$757.19	\$712.52	37.8	38.3	37.6	\$19.69	\$19.77	\$18.95

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment, appliances, and components; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemicals; plastics and rubber products. ^fMoney payments only; tips not included. ^gNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in sample composition.

Ohio Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment

(in thousands)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Goods & Service Total	Goods Producing				Service Providing								
		Goods Producing Total	Mining & Logging	Construction	Manufacturing	Service Providing Total	Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	Information	Financial Activities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Leisure & Hospitality	Other Services	Government
1999	5,563.5	1,281.5	13.5	240.4	1,027.6	4,282.0	1,102.5	106.2	303.4	633.2	669.0	476.7	218.7	772.1
2000	5,624.6	1,280.0	12.9	246.1	1,021.0	4,344.5	1,115.2	107.2	305.2	644.9	680.3	483.3	223.3	785.0
2001	5,542.6	1,206.5	12.9	240.5	953.0	4,336.2	1,095.8	106.3	307.3	629.0	694.0	481.6	228.1	794.0
2002	5,445.0	1,133.3	12.1	236.2	885.0	4,311.7	1,061.1	101.0	308.4	615.6	711.4	485.5	228.6	800.2
2003	5,397.7	1,086.0	11.7	231.2	843.1	4,311.7	1,043.9	96.5	311.8	611.7	729.8	488.3	227.1	802.6
2004	5,408.4	1,068.3	11.7	234.6	822.1	4,340.1	1,039.7	92.2	310.9	626.5	746.3	495.8	226.9	801.7
2005	5,426.7	1,055.8	11.4	232.9	811.5	4,370.9	1,042.7	89.9	308.5	643.7	762.3	499.8	224.5	799.6
2006	5,435.8	1,037.6	11.6	229.7	796.3	4,398.2	1,045.7	88.4	305.6	656.4	778.5	500.9	222.7	800.1
2007	5,428.0	1,007.8	11.7	224.8	771.3	4,420.2	1,050.8	87.7	299.8	668.4	793.9	500.6	221.9	797.1
2008	5,362.4	962.1	12.0	211.2	739.0	4,400.4	1,034.0	85.8	290.3	668.6	813.9	492.0	219.6	796.2
2009	5,073.6	822.3	11.7	181.4	629.2	4,251.3	968.3	80.6	278.6	616.5	826.3	477.5	213.1	790.4
2009														
January	5,099.9	855.4	11.6	173.5	670.3	4,244.5	985.6	83.6	282.9	625.7	818.6	445.5	212.4	790.2
February	5,084.7	842.4	11.4	168.9	662.1	4,242.3	970.0	83.1	281.5	619.0	825.7	445.2	212.7	805.1
March	5,078.5	832.9	11.5	172.0	649.4	4,245.6	966.3	82.2	280.8	614.1	827.3	455.9	213.6	805.4
April	5,095.3	826.3	11.8	175.8	638.7	4,269.0	964.5	81.4	280.3	617.1	828.8	474.2	213.7	809.0
May	5,119.5	823.5	12.0	185.8	625.7	4,296.0	969.9	81.4	280.8	615.7	825.8	497.4	214.9	810.1
June	5,092.4	819.3	12.0	190.7	616.6	4,273.1	969.2	81.2	281.3	614.8	815.8	509.1	215.3	786.4
July	5,037.8	815.8	12.2	193.4	610.2	4,222.0	964.5	81.0	281.1	613.1	814.0	506.9	214.7	746.7
August	5,034.8	821.2	12.0	191.7	617.5	4,213.6	962.2	80.4	279.7	615.3	815.0	504.1	213.1	743.8
September	5,053.5	817.2	11.8	186.6	618.8	4,236.3	955.7	79.2	277.3	612.6	829.6	490.5	211.0	780.4
October	5,071.6	816.9	11.7	185.9	619.3	4,254.7	959.0	77.5	273.9	620.6	836.3	474.1	211.1	802.2
November	5,069.6	804.7	11.5	183.9	609.3	4,264.9	973.0	77.6	272.0	620.2	838.5	465.4	212.6	805.6
December	5,045.4	792.2	11.2	168.7	612.3	4,253.2	980.0	78.4	272.1	610.0	839.9	461.4	211.5	799.9
2010														
January	4,884.0	761.6	10.7	144.9	606.0	4,122.4	935.1	77.9	266.2	593.1	820.9	444.0	208.7	776.5

Akron Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Portage
Summit



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Akron metropolitan area totaled 305,200 in January 2010, down 11,700 from December 2009. Losses in all sectors lowered employment in service-providing industries 9,500. The most significant declines occurred in government, trade, transportation, and utilities, and professional and business services. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 45,600, decreased 2,200 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 18,500 between January 2009 and January 2010. The service-providing sector lost 11,600 jobs as notable declines were posted in professional and business services (-4,000), trade, transportation, and utilities (-3,500), leisure and hospitality (-1,900), and government (-1,000). Losses in manufacturing (-5,500) and mining, logging, and construction (-1,400) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 6,900.

Akron MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
363.5	348.2	15.3	4.2%
365.1	350.2	14.9	4.1%
365.2	348.7	16.4	4.5%
366.0	344.6	21.4	5.8%
370.0	347.6	22.5	6.1%
373.5	351.2	22.3	6.0%
379.4	357.8	21.6	5.7%
384.6	364.6	19.9	5.2%
388.6	367.8	20.8	5.4%
391.1	367.0	24.1	6.2%
389.0	350.7	38.3	9.8%
388.5	353.4	35.2	9.0%
389.2	352.6	36.6	9.4%
389.6	352.4	37.2	9.6%
390.2	353.4	36.7	9.4%
391.3	354.3	37.0	9.5%
391.2	351.0	40.1	10.3%
394.4	353.9	40.5	10.3%
391.1	352.2	38.9	9.9%
387.0	348.9	38.0	9.8%
387.4	348.6	38.8	10.0%
384.5	345.6	38.9	10.1%
383.2	342.0	41.2	10.8%
376.4	332.0	44.3	11.8%

Akron MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport, Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
328.6	59.3	64.9	38.3	38.3	47.6
330.8	58.5	66.6	38.7	38.7	47.8
327.3	53.3	67.8	38.8	40.0	48.1
322.2	49.7 ^a	65.1 ^a	39.7 ^a	40.8	48.5
326.7	49.5	65.4	41.8	41.5	49.8
331.3	49.5	66.3	44.2	42.9	49.9
337.4	48.9	67.8	47.3	44.3	49.8
338.8	47.8	67.6	49.8	45.3	49.2
340.3	46.6	68.1	51.3	47.1	49.2
339.3	44.6	67.2	52.9	48.8	49.5
319.8	37.9	62.4	47.9	49.5	50.0
323.7	41.5	63.9	49.2	49.0	49.3
322.3	40.4	62.5	48.9	49.1	51.2
321.7	39.3	62.4	48.4	49.4	51.3
321.9	38.4	61.9	48.7	49.3	52.0
323.8	37.1	62.1	48.5	49.6	52.4
317.4	36.7	62.4	48.1	49.3	45.9
316.9	36.6	62.3	47.6	49.2	46.0
316.4	37.1	62.2	47.4	49.4	45.7
319.2	37.0	62.1	47.0	49.5	50.3
319.9	36.9	61.8	47.9	49.8	51.9
317.4	36.7	62.1	46.6	50.0	51.9
316.9	36.6	62.5	46.9	50.0	51.8
305.2	36.0	60.4	45.2	49.3	48.3

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Akron MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	305.2	316.9	323.7	-11.7	-18.5
Goods-Producing Industries	45.6	47.8	52.5	-2.2	-6.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	9.6	11.2	11.0	-1.6	-1.4
Manufacturing	36.0	36.6	41.5	-0.6	-5.5
Durable Goods ^d	20.9	21.3	25.1	-0.4	-4.2
Transportation Equipment	2.8	2.9	3.5	-0.1	-0.7
Nondurable Goods ^e	15.1	15.3	16.4	-0.2	-1.3
Service-Providing Industries	259.6	269.1	271.2	-9.5	-11.6
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	60.4	62.5	63.9	-2.1	-3.5
Wholesale Trade	16.6	16.9	17.3	-0.3	-0.7
Retail Trade	34.2	35.7	36.2	-1.5	-2.0
Food and Beverage Stores	7.8	8.1	7.9	-0.3	-0.1
Health and Personal Care Stores	2.7	2.8	2.7	-0.1	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	5.7	6.3	6.0	-0.6	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	9.6	9.9	10.4	-0.3	-0.8
Truck Transportation	3.8	4.0	4.4	-0.2	-0.6
Information	4.0	4.1	4.4	-0.1	-0.4
Financial Activities	12.9	13.1	13.6	-0.2	-0.7
Finance and Insurance	9.8	9.9	10.2	-0.1	-0.4
Professional and Business Services	45.2	46.9	49.2	-1.7	-4.0
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	16.6	17.6	18.9	-1.0	-2.3
Educational and Health Services	49.3	50.0	49.0	-0.7	0.3
Health Care and Social Assistance	45.1	45.6	44.6	-0.5	0.5
Leisure and Hospitality	26.3	27.2	28.2	-0.9	-1.9
Accommodation and Food Services	24.0	24.7	24.7	-0.7	-0.7
Other Services	13.2	13.5	13.6	-0.3	-0.4
Government	48.3	51.8	49.3	-3.5	-1.0
Federal Government	2.2	2.2	2.3	0.0	-0.1
State Government	14.2	16.8	14.6	-2.6	-0.4
State Government Education ^f	12.4	15.0	12.7	-2.6	-0.3
Local Government	31.9	32.8	32.4	-0.9	-0.5
Local Government Education	16.2	16.9	16.4	-0.7	-0.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Canton-Massillon Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Carroll
Stark



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Canton-Massillon metropolitan area totaled 153,900 in January 2010, down 5,000 from December 2009. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, leisure and hospitality, government, and educational and health services helped lower employment in the service-providing sector 4,000. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 28,900, decreased 1,000 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a slight reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 8,000 between January 2009 and January 2010. Losses in manufacturing (-3,500) and mining, logging, and construction (-1,300) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 4,800 over the year. The service-providing sector lost 3,200 jobs. The largest declines were posted in trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,200), professional and business services (-800), and government (-400).

Canton-Massillon MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
200.9	191.7	9.2	4.6%
207.1	198.5	8.6	4.2%
207.9	198.8	9.1	4.4%
206.7	194.4	12.3	5.9%
205.3	191.3	14.0	6.8%
204.1	190.5	13.5	6.6%
203.9	190.9	13.0	6.4%
203.7	192.0	11.7	5.7%
205.5	193.5	12.0	5.8%
206.4	192.4	14.0	6.8%
206.3	182.8	23.5	11.4%
204.3	183.5	20.8	10.2%
205.5	183.6	21.9	10.6%
206.0	183.7	22.2	10.8%
207.8	184.9	22.9	11.0%
207.9	185.3	22.6	10.9%
209.8	184.8	25.0	11.9%
210.1	185.3	24.8	11.8%
207.6	183.5	24.1	11.6%
204.6	180.7	23.9	11.7%
204.7	180.5	24.2	11.8%
204.4	180.1	24.2	11.9%
203.0	177.7	25.3	12.5%
201.1	173.5	27.7	13.8%

Canton-Massillon MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
184.3	45.0	34.0	13.1	25.4	20.4
187.5	43.8	35.0	14.6	26.2	20.7
186.5	40.6	35.9	15.3	26.9	21.0
182.0	37.3	34.9	14.5	27.2	21.4
177.2	33.6 ^a	34.2	14.0	27.5	21.3
176.0	31.7	33.6	13.9	28.9	21.4
174.8	31.0	33.3	14.2	29.3	21.2
173.1	30.5	32.9	14.5	29.6	21.0
173.3	31.0	32.7	14.8	30.0	20.8
171.3	30.0	31.6	15.3	30.8	20.7
161.0	25.4	30.1	13.6	31.0	20.5
161.9	27.2	30.4	13.7	30.9	20.1
162.0	27.0	29.9	13.7	31.2	21.0
162.0	26.6	29.9	13.7	31.5	20.7
163.0	26.2	30.1	13.8	31.4	21.1
163.6	26.0	30.1	13.7	31.1	21.3
162.0	25.9	30.0	13.6	30.2	20.4
160.5	24.7	30.0	13.7	30.2	19.7
159.6	24.7	30.0	13.5	30.3	19.6
159.4	24.3	29.7	13.5	31.0	20.3
159.6	24.2	29.8	13.6	31.2	20.7
160.0	24.0	30.4	13.6	31.3	20.8
158.9	23.9	30.7	13.3	31.4	20.3
153.9	23.7	29.2	12.9	30.9	19.7

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Canton-Massillon MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	153.9	158.9	161.9	-5.0	-8.0
Goods-Producing Industries	28.9	29.9	33.7	-1.0	-4.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	5.2	6.0	6.5	-0.8	-1.3
Manufacturing^d	23.7	23.9	27.2	-0.2	-3.5
Fabricated Metal Products	8.0	8.1	9.7	-0.1	-1.7
Food Manufacturing	3.9	4.1	3.4	-0.2	0.5
Service-Providing Industries	125.0	129.0	128.2	-4.0	-3.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	29.2	30.7	30.4	-1.5	-1.2
Wholesale Trade	5.9	6.1	6.3	-0.2	-0.4
Retail Trade	19.7	20.9	20.4	-1.2	-0.7
General Merchandise Stores	4.2	4.6	4.3	-0.4	-0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	3.6	3.7	3.7	-0.1	-0.1
Information	1.9	1.9	2.0	0.0	-0.1
Financial Activities	7.6	7.8	7.9	-0.2	-0.3
Professional and Business Services	12.9	13.3	13.7	-0.4	-0.8
Educational and Health Services	30.9	31.4	30.9	-0.5	0.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	27.1	27.4	26.9	-0.3	0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	14.9	15.5	15.1	-0.6	-0.2
Accommodation and Food Services	13.5	13.9	13.7	-0.4	-0.2
Other Services	7.9	8.1	8.1	-0.2	-0.2
Government	19.7	20.3	20.1	-0.6	-0.4
Federal Government	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.0	-0.1
State Government	1.5	1.6	1.5	-0.1	0.0
Local Government	17.1	17.6	17.4	-0.5	-0.3
Local Government Education	10.2	10.6	10.1	-0.4	0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

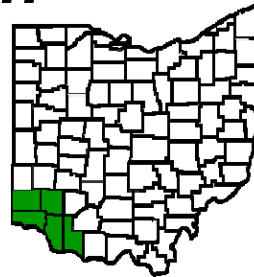
Cincinnati-Middletown

Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio Counties

Brown
Butler
Clermont
Hamilton
Warren



Kentucky Counties

Boone
Bracken
Campbell
Gallatin
Kenton
Grant
Pendleton

Indiana Counties

Dearborn
Franklin
Ohio

Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cincinnati-Middletown metropolitan area totaled 964,400 in January 2010, down 32,400 from December 2009. The service-providing sector lost 27,500 jobs due to declines in most sectors. The most significant losses were posted in trade, transportation, and utilities, leisure and hospitality, and government. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 141,200, decreased 4,900 over the month as less business in mining, logging and construction negated an increase in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 32,800 between January 2009 and January 2010. Losses in most sectors lowered employment in service-providing industries 22,200. The largest decrease occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities (-10,600). Employment in the goods-producing sector dropped 10,600 due to over-the-year declines in manufacturing (-5,400) and mining, logging, and construction (-5,200).

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate	
Total	Employed	Unemployed		
1,045.7	1,009.5	36.2	3.5%	
1,045.8	1,008.6	37.2	3.6%	
1,049.3	1,006.7	42.5	4.1%	
1,057.0	1,002.8	54.3	5.1%	
1,071.3	1,014.0	57.3	5.3%	
1,081.2	1,023.9	57.4	5.3%	
1,093.8	1,035.4	58.4	5.3%	
1,109.0	1,051.8	57.2	5.2%	
1,121.3	1,065.0	56.3	5.0%	
1,127.5	1,062.2	65.4	5.8%	
1,133.0	1,027.2	105.8	9.3%	
2009				
1,120.3	1,027.3	92.9	8.3%	January
1,123.8	1,024.2	99.7	8.9%	February
1,125.3	1,024.2	101.0	9.0%	March
1,132.1	1,031.2	101.0	8.9%	April
1,139.9	1,035.9	104.0	9.1%	May
1,154.9	1,041.9	113.0	9.8%	June
1,154.0	1,040.5	113.5	9.8%	July
1,148.3	1,038.0	110.3	9.6%	August
1,126.0	1,019.2	106.8	9.5%	September
1,122.4	1,013.4	108.9	9.7%	October
1,125.4	1,017.3	108.1	9.6%	November
1,124.3	1,013.3	110.9	9.9%	December
2010				
1,109.1	988.9	120.2	10.8%	January

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1,005.6	149.1	216.4	134.9	118.6	123.3	
1,017.4	147.7	218.1	139.1	119.6	125.9	
1,011.5	139.4	216.1	138.9	121.0	128.1	
1,008.6	130.0	213.7	139.6	124.7	130.6	
1,016.0	127.0	210.9	144.0	127.1	133.1	
1,025.3	124.2	210.3	147.0	131.1	133.2	
1,034.3	123.2	210.5	152.8	134.4	132.3	
1,037.2	121.4	209.8	154.4	138.1	132.6	
1,047.2	121.1	213.1	156.7	141.8	133.2	
1,043.4	119.1	211.0	158.6	145.3	132.9	
995.1	106.7	198.7	148.2	146.3	132.4	
2009						
997.2	111.8	202.2	149.9	144.2	132.2	
993.4	110.1	199.5	148.7	144.7	134.7	
993.1	108.8	198.2	147.9	145.3	134.5	
997.7	107.3	197.3	148.2	146.7	135.5	
1,004.9	106.3	198.6	147.5	147.1	135.9	
1,002.3	105.9	198.0	147.5	145.4	132.3	
990.7	104.7	197.2	147.3	146.1	123.9	
994.2	105.1	198.3	147.9	145.9	127.1	
989.6	104.5	197.6	146.6	146.4	130.4	
988.4	104.8	197.0	147.3	147.2	133.6	
993.0	105.9	199.3	149.0	148.2	134.8	
996.8	105.5	201.0	150.6	148.4	133.9	
2010						
964.4	106.4	191.6	147.6	145.5	129.1	

Cincinnati-Middletown MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

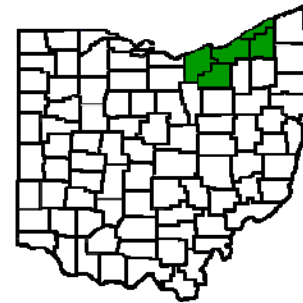
	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	964.4	996.8	997.2	-32.4	-32.8
Goods-Producing Industries	141.2	146.1	151.8	-4.9	-10.6
Mining, Logging, and Construction	34.8	40.6	40.0	-5.8	-5.2
Construction of Buildings	7.4	8.4	9.3	-1.0	-1.9
Specialty Trade Contractors	21.9	24.9	26.0	-3.0	-4.1
Manufacturing	106.4	105.5	111.8	0.9	-5.4
Durable Goods ^d	60.6	60.1	66.2	0.5	-5.6
Primary Metals	5.6	5.6	6.1	0.0	-0.5
Transportation Equipment	17.6	17.6	18.4	0.0	-0.8
Motor Vehicle Parts	6.5	6.5	6.8	0.0	-0.3
Aerospace Products and Parts	9.2	9.2	9.9	0.0	-0.7
Nondurable Goods ^e	45.8	45.4	45.6	0.4	0.2
Chemical Manufacturing	11.4	11.4	11.3	0.0	0.1
Service-Providing Industries	823.2	850.7	845.4	-27.5	-22.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	191.6	201.0	202.2	-9.4	-10.6
Wholesale Trade	50.8	54.9	59.1	-4.1	-8.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	23.8	24.7	27.1	-0.9	-3.3
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	22.3	22.8	23.1	-0.5	-0.8
Retail Trade	101.5	105.7	103.3	-4.2	-1.8
Food and Beverage Stores	19.9	20.8	20.5	-0.9	-0.6
Grocery Stores	17.5	17.9	17.9	-0.4	-0.4
Health and Personal Care Stores	6.9	7.1	7.1	-0.2	-0.2
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	8.1	9.1	8.4	-1.0	-0.3
General Merchandise Stores	21.1	22.6	21.9	-1.5	-0.8
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	39.3	40.4	39.8	-1.1	-0.5
Transportation and Warehousing	35.1	36.4	36.6	-1.3	-1.5
Air Transportation	5.7	5.8	6.9	-0.1	-1.2
Information	14.4	14.4	15.0	0.0	-0.6
Financial Activities	60.1	61.7	64.1	-1.6	-4.0
Finance and Insurance	49.9	50.9	52.3	-1.0	-2.4
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	20.4	20.7	21.3	-0.3	-0.9
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	24.1	24.2	24.4	-0.1	-0.3
Professional and Business Services	147.6	150.6	149.9	-3.0	-2.3
Professional and Technical Services	54.1	53.2	55.3	0.9	-1.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	38.4	38.7	38.1	-0.3	0.3
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	55.1	58.7	56.5	-3.6	-1.4
Employment Services	21.8	24.3	25.0	-2.5	-3.2
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	11.2	11.8	11.9	-0.6	-0.7
Educational and Health Services	145.5	148.4	144.2	-2.9	1.3
Educational Services	15.5	16.3	15.4	-0.8	0.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	130.0	132.1	128.8	-2.1	1.2
Hospitals	44.9	45.1	43.5	-0.2	1.4
Leisure and Hospitality	94.1	99.1	95.4	-5.0	-1.3
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	15.6	16.6	13.6	-1.0	2.0
Accommodation and Food Services	78.5	82.5	81.8	-4.0	-3.3
Other Services	40.8	41.6	42.4	-0.8	-1.6
Government	129.1	133.9	132.2	-4.8	-3.1
Federal Government	16.9	16.7	16.7	0.2	0.2
State Government	26.7	29.1	27.0	-2.4	-0.3
State Government Education ^f	21.3	23.8	22.1	-2.5	-0.8
Local Government	85.5	88.1	88.5	-2.6	-3.0
Local Government Education	48.9	51.4	50.1	-2.5	-1.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Cuyahoga
Geauga
Lake
Lorain
Medina



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor metropolitan area totaled 961,900 in January 2010, down 27,700 from December 2009. Declines in all sectors lowered employment in the service-providing sector 21,900. The most significant losses were posted in trade, transportation, and utilities and government. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 136,800, decreased 5,800 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 47,300 between January 2009 and January 2010. Service-providing industries lost 25,500 jobs as declines were posted in most sectors. The largest decreases occurred in professional and business services (-10,400), trade, transportation, and utilities (-7,300), financial activities (-4,700), and government (-4,600). Employment in educational and health services advanced 4,300. Over-the-year losses in manufacturing (-13,400) and mining, logging, and construction (-8,400) lowered employment in the goods-producing sector 21,800.

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
1,113.1	1,066.6	46.5	4.2%
1,105.9	1,062.9	43.0	3.9%
1,108.2	1,059.7	48.5	4.4%
1,105.5	1,045.6	59.9	5.4%
1,105.6	1,039.4	66.1	6.0%
1,096.9	1,031.7	65.2	5.9%
1,092.7	1,030.7	62.0	5.7%
1,094.8	1,035.1	59.7	5.5%
1,094.6	1,029.7	64.9	5.9%
1,081.2	1,010.4	70.8	6.6%
1,079.4	981.3	98.1	9.1%
1,071.6	980.5	91.1	8.5%
1,079.9	978.5	101.4	9.4%
1,075.4	977.9	97.5	9.1%
1,082.2	988.4	93.9	8.7%
1,090.2	987.7	102.5	9.4%
1,102.2	994.6	107.6	9.8%
1,104.3	1,002.9	101.4	9.2%
1,094.2	993.3	100.9	9.2%
1,073.8	974.7	99.1	9.2%
1,066.3	972.1	94.1	8.8%
1,065.5	971.2	94.4	8.9%
1,047.2	954.0	93.2	8.9%
1,058.1	949.2	108.9	10.3%

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	1,128.6	196.5	219.1	141.6	147.0	138.3
2000	1,136.0	195.7	220.2	142.5	149.7	141.1
2001	1,117.5	179.9	213.4	139.7	155.5	143.4
2002	1,082.3	161.6	203.1	130.9	162.9	144.2
2003	1,074.1	153.6	201.8	131.3	163.6	143.0
2004	1,072.1	150.5	199.8	133.6	165.0	142.2
2005	1,072.2	149.3	198.7	137.2	167.5	140.9
2006	1,075.0	147.5	199.5	144.0	170.8	140.6
2007	1,072.3	142.8	198.8	144.1	174.8	143.0
2008	1,058.5	138.7	195.3	142.9	179.5	142.8
2009	1,001.1	118.2	183.1	130.2	184.4	141.1
2009						
January	1,009.2	128.0	186.9	132.8	182.1	140.4
February	1,006.2	127.0	184.3	131.0	184.1	142.7
March	1,003.5	124.0	183.6	129.9	184.5	142.7
April	1,005.1	121.1	182.4	129.9	184.8	143.1
May	1,009.4	118.1	183.1	130.0	183.9	144.2
June	1,007.5	116.5	183.4	130.3	181.6	142.8
July	999.1	114.2	182.2	129.8	180.8	138.8
August	994.6	114.4	181.6	129.9	181.1	135.9
September	994.7	115.0	179.8	129.3	185.5	138.2
October	996.6	111.1	181.3	132.0	187.1	141.3
November	998.2	113.1	183.3	131.6	188.2	141.9
December	989.6	115.4	185.2	125.9	188.9	141.3
2010						
January	961.9	114.6	179.6	122.4	186.4	135.8

Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

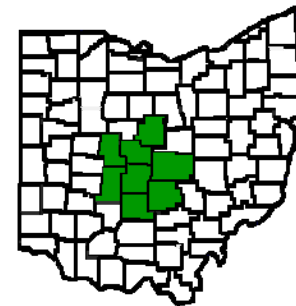
	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	961.9	989.6	1,009.2	-27.7	-47.3
Goods-Producing Industries	136.8	142.6	158.6	-5.8	-21.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	22.2	27.2	30.6	-5.0	-8.4
Specialty Trade Contractors	17.5	20.7	20.0	-3.2	-2.5
Manufacturing	114.6	115.4	128.0	-0.8	-13.4
Durable Goods ^d	81.7	82.1	92.4	-0.4	-10.7
Primary Metals	7.6	7.7	9.5	-0.1	-1.9
Foundries	3.2	3.2	3.9	0.0	-0.7
Fabricated Metal Products	24.4	24.5	29.3	-0.1	-4.9
Transportation Equipment	9.9	10.2	11.0	-0.3	-1.1
Motor Vehicle Parts	5.0	5.1	6.8	-0.1	-1.8
Nondurable Goods ^e	32.9	33.3	35.6	-0.4	-2.7
Service-Providing Industries	825.1	847.0	850.6	-21.9	-25.5
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	179.6	185.2	186.9	-5.6	-7.3
Wholesale Trade	47.9	47.7	51.8	0.2	-3.9
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	26.4	26.7	29.1	-0.3	-2.7
Merchant Wholesalers, Nondurable Goods	15.6	16.0	16.2	-0.4	-0.6
Retail Trade	102.5	107.4	103.1	-4.9	-0.6
Food and Beverage Stores	22.1	22.9	22.9	-0.8	-0.8
Health and Personal Care Stores	7.6	8.0	7.8	-0.4	-0.2
General Merchandise Stores	19.4	20.7	19.8	-1.3	-0.4
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	29.2	30.1	32.0	-0.9	-2.8
Transportation and Warehousing	25.8	26.7	28.3	-0.9	-2.5
Information	15.8	15.9	17.1	-0.1	-1.3
Financial Activities	62.2	63.0	66.9	-0.8	-4.7
Finance and Insurance	47.8	48.7	51.5	-0.9	-3.7
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	20.0	20.5	21.8	-0.5	-1.8
Depository Credit Intermediation	15.0	15.3	16.1	-0.3	-1.1
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	22.8	23.0	23.6	-0.2	-0.8
Insurance Carriers	16.1	16.2	16.6	-0.1	-0.5
Professional and Business Services	122.4	125.9	132.8	-3.5	-10.4
Professional and Technical Services	51.1	52.1	55.9	-1.0	-4.8
Management of Companies and Enterprises	21.1	21.1	22.3	0.0	-1.2
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	50.2	52.7	54.6	-2.5	-4.4
Administrative and Support Services	47.8	49.9	51.6	-2.1	-3.8
Employment Services	16.9	19.1	20.2	-2.2	-3.3
Educational and Health Services	186.4	188.9	182.1	-2.5	4.3
Educational Services	31.1	32.8	31.1	-1.7	0.0
Health Care and Social Assistance	155.3	156.1	151.0	-0.8	4.3
Hospitals	60.3	60.3	59.6	0.0	0.7
Nursing and Residential Care Facilities	32.5	32.8	31.9	-0.3	0.6
Leisure and Hospitality	82.0	84.8	82.1	-2.8	-0.1
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	10.3	11.4	10.6	-1.1	-0.3
Accommodation and Food Services	71.7	73.4	71.5	-1.7	0.2
Other Services	40.9	42.0	42.3	-1.1	-1.4
Government	135.8	141.3	140.4	-5.5	-4.6
Federal Government	19.1	18.8	19.1	0.3	0.0
State Government	6.7	7.6	7.0	-0.9	-0.3
State Government Education ^f	2.0	2.9	2.2	-0.9	-0.2
Local Government	110.0	114.9	114.3	-4.9	-4.3
Local Government Education	51.9	55.3	52.7	-3.4	-0.8

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Columbus Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Delaware
Fairfield
Franklin
Licking
Madison
Morrow
Pickaway
Union



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Columbus metropolitan area totaled 879,600 in January 2010, down 24,100 from December 2009. Declines in all sectors lowered employment in service-providing industries 20,200. The most significant decrease occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 87,900, fell 3,900 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 31,600 between January 2009 and January 2010. Service-providing industries lost 19,700 jobs. The largest decreases were posted in trade, transportation, and utilities (-6,600), professional and business services (-4,800), leisure and hospitality (-4,400), financial activities (-2,100), information (-1,200), and other services (-1,100). Government was 1,100 higher. Losses in manufacturing (-8,900) and mining, logging, and construction (-3,000) lowered employment in the goods-producing sector 11,900.

Columbus MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
865.6	842.2	23.4	2.7%
881.9	854.0	27.9	3.2%
895.3	864.4	30.9	3.5%
902.9	858.2	44.7	5.0%
908.2	859.7	48.6	5.3%
914.1	864.7	49.4	5.4%
923.2	875.0	48.2	5.2%
940.4	896.5	43.9	4.7%
957.2	911.8	45.5	4.7%
965.7	912.2	53.5	5.5%
973.2	891.5	81.7	8.4%
962.4	892.0	70.4	7.3%
963.1	888.0	75.1	7.8%
966.2	889.0	77.2	8.0%
970.9	893.6	77.4	8.0%
973.5	895.2	78.3	8.0%
988.7	901.3	87.4	8.8%
994.8	906.4	88.4	8.9%
987.9	902.6	85.3	8.6%
965.4	882.1	83.3	8.6%
972.0	886.4	85.6	8.8%
972.5	887.9	84.6	8.7%
961.2	873.9	87.3	9.1%
949.1	856.3	92.8	9.8%

Columbus MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
890.8	99.3	190.3	124.4	87.0	142.0
915.4	101.0	196.5	129.5	88.2	145.1
919.9	95.1	195.3	132.2	90.8	148.3
913.6	89.3	190.1	129.2	94.6	150.4
910.6	84.1	185.8	131.1	97.9	151.8
916.0	81.1	185.2	134.7	101.7	153.7
922.7	78.9	186.5	138.3	104.9	156.0
931.9	78.0	187.7	143.2	107.8	156.7
942.5	76.8	191.4	149.8	111.1	157.4
939.8	74.6	190.4	153.3	114.6	158.5
907.7	66.1	180.2	146.7	118.3	159.2
911.2	70.9	183.5	149.0	116.4	158.0
906.2	69.2	179.7	147.3	117.8	158.9
905.7	68.0	178.4	146.5	118.0	159.0
908.7	67.6	178.8	146.9	118.3	159.8
913.0	66.9	179.5	146.6	118.2	160.5
912.5	66.3	178.7	146.0	117.2	160.7
906.6	64.7	178.3	146.1	117.0	157.1
906.3	64.7	178.8	147.0	117.3	156.1
900.1	64.4	177.7	145.4	119.1	155.5
907.4	63.9	180.6	146.2	119.9	161.1
911.2	63.2	184.2	147.8	120.1	162.2
903.7	63.0	184.5	145.0	119.9	161.7
879.6	62.0	176.9	144.2	115.8	159.1

Columbus MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	879.6	903.7	911.2	-24.1	-31.6
Goods-Producing Industries	87.9	91.8	99.8	-3.9	-11.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	25.9	28.8	28.9	-2.9	-3.0
Specialty Trade Contractors	16.0	17.7	19.1	-1.7	-3.1
Manufacturing	62.0	63.0	70.9	-1.0	-8.9
Durable Goods ^d	39.2	39.8	46.6	-0.6	-7.4
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	3.6	3.9	4.1	-0.3	-0.5
Computer and Electronic Products	2.9	2.9	3.3	0.0	-0.4
Transportation Equipment	13.4	13.5	15.4	-0.1	-2.0
Nondurable Goods ^e	22.8	23.2	24.3	-0.4	-1.5
Food Manufacturing	6.8	7.0	7.2	-0.2	-0.4
Service-Providing Industries	791.7	811.9	811.4	-20.2	-19.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	176.9	184.5	183.5	-7.6	-6.6
Wholesale Trade	36.3	36.6	38.4	-0.3	-2.1
Merchant Wholesalers, Durable Goods	20.0	20.2	21.3	-0.2	-1.3
Retail Trade	98.9	104.6	98.9	-5.7	0.0
Health and Personal Care Stores	5.8	5.9	5.8	-0.1	0.0
General Merchandise Stores	18.9	20.0	19.2	-1.1	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	41.7	43.3	46.2	-1.6	-4.5
Transportation and Warehousing	38.1	39.8	42.6	-1.7	-4.5
Information	16.4	16.6	17.6	-0.2	-1.2
Financial Activities	67.5	68.6	69.6	-1.1	-2.1
Finance and Insurance	55.1	55.9	56.2	-0.8	-1.1
Credit Intermediation and Related Activities	23.0	23.4	23.6	-0.4	-0.6
Insurance Carriers and Related Activities	28.8	29.1	29.5	-0.3	-0.7
Insurance Carriers	22.0	22.1	22.3	-0.1	-0.3
Professional and Business Services	144.2	145.0	149.0	-0.8	-4.8
Professional and Technical Services	62.4	62.2	64.4	0.2	-2.0
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	22.3	22.1	21.9	0.2	0.4
Management of Companies and Enterprises	20.8	20.9	21.6	-0.1	-0.8
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	61.0	61.9	63.0	-0.9	-2.0
Employment Services	23.5	25.8	26.4	-2.3	-2.9
Educational and Health Services	115.8	119.9	116.4	-4.1	-0.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	99.6	101.6	99.3	-2.0	0.3
Hospitals	24.2	24.2	24.1	0.0	0.1
Leisure and Hospitality	77.4	80.6	81.8	-3.2	-4.4
Accommodation and Food Services	70.8	72.9	74.1	-2.1	-3.3
Food Services and Drinking Places	65.6	67.0	67.4	-1.4	-1.8
Other Services	34.4	35.0	35.5	-0.6	-1.1
Government	159.1	161.7	158.0	-2.6	1.1
Federal Government	14.2	13.9	13.9	0.3	0.3
State Government	63.1	64.4	62.7	-1.3	0.4
State Government Education ^f	25.7	26.7	24.9	-1.0	0.8
Local Government	81.8	83.4	81.4	-1.6	0.4
Local Government Education	44.6	46.1	43.2	-1.5	1.4

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities, State schools for the deaf and blind, and the State library. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Dayton Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Greene
Miami
Montgomery
Preble



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Dayton metropolitan area totaled 362,400 in January 2010, down 8,100 from December 2009. Losses in trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, government, and educational and health services helped lower employment in the service-providing sector 6,200. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 46,400, decreased 1,900 over the month due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 13,100 between January 2009 and January 2010. Losses in manufacturing (-5,200) and mining, logging, and construction (-1,700) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 6,900. The service-providing sector lost 6,200 jobs over the year. The largest declines were posted in professional and business services (-2,800) and trade, transportation, and utilities (-2,200).

Dayton MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
421.9	405.9	16.0	3.8%
431.8	415.1	16.7	3.9%
431.3	412.3	19.0	4.4%
429.3	404.6	24.7	5.8%
428.6	402.0	26.5	6.2%
425.4	399.0	26.4	6.3%
424.9	399.3	25.6	6.0%
427.9	403.6	24.3	5.7%
426.8	401.7	25.0	5.9%
424.9	394.9	30.0	7.1%
424.8	377.4	47.4	11.2%
423.6	379.3	44.3	10.5%
424.3	378.5	45.8	10.8%
425.2	378.8	46.3	10.9%
424.7	378.8	45.9	10.8%
425.1	379.2	45.9	10.8%
430.3	380.2	50.1	11.6%
430.5	380.4	50.1	11.6%
427.7	379.6	48.1	11.3%
422.6	375.7	46.9	11.1%
422.8	374.9	48.0	11.3%
421.5	373.9	47.6	11.3%
419.0	369.6	49.3	11.8%
416.6	364.0	52.6	12.6%

Dayton MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	431.7	80.0	79.9	51.6	57.2	66.5
2000	435.3	80.0	81.5	52.4	58.3	66.8
2001	428.8	72.0	79.0	54.8	59.3	67.2
2002	420.6	67.2	75.0	52.7	60.9	67.3
2003	415.5	63.0	72.6	53.9	61.7	65.3
2004	411.8	59.9	71.6	53.2	62.5	65.1
2005	410.0	58.4	71.2	52.3	64.1	64.7
2006	408.1	56.3	70.0	52.3	65.0	64.8
2007	403.4	51.9	68.8	52.3	66.4	64.1
2008	394.5	48.2	66.9	50.8	68.3	64.1
2009	372.6	39.0	63.1	45.5	68.7	65.6
2009	375.5	42.1	63.9	46.7	68.7	64.5
January	374.5	41.3	63.1	45.9	69.7	65.1
February	374.4	40.4	63.2	45.5	69.8	65.5
March	373.5	39.6	63.1	45.4	69.1	65.8
April	375.0	38.8	63.7	45.0	68.1	67.3
May	373.0	38.0	63.5	45.3	66.9	66.6
June	368.7	37.6	62.8	45.0	66.5	63.9
July	369.6	38.3	62.7	45.3	66.8	64.0
August	372.0	38.3	62.5	45.2	69.6	65.5
September	372.3	38.2	62.1	45.7	69.8	66.8
October	372.2	37.7	63.3	45.5	69.6	66.5
November	370.5	37.5	63.8	45.0	70.2	66.0
December						
2010						
January	362.4	36.9	61.7	43.9	69.3	65.0

Dayton MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	362.4	370.5	375.5	-8.1	-13.1
Goods-Producing Industries	46.4	48.3	53.3	-1.9	-6.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	9.5	10.8	11.2	-1.3	-1.7
Manufacturing	36.9	37.5	42.1	-0.6	-5.2
Durable Goods ^d	26.6	26.9	30.7	-0.3	-4.1
Transportation Equipment	5.5	5.6	6.2	-0.1	-0.7
Service-Providing Industries	316.0	322.2	322.2	-6.2	-6.2
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	61.7	63.8	63.9	-2.1	-2.2
Wholesale Trade	12.0	12.2	13.1	-0.2	-1.1
Retail Trade	39.4	41.0	39.9	-1.6	-0.5
General Merchandise Stores	10.0	10.7	10.2	-0.7	-0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	10.3	10.6	10.9	-0.3	-0.6
Transportation and Warehousing	9.2	9.5	9.7	-0.3	-0.5
Information	10.9	10.8	11.4	0.1	-0.5
Financial Activities	16.2	16.5	17.3	-0.3	-1.1
Finance and Insurance	12.4	12.6	13.0	-0.2	-0.6
Professional and Business Services	43.9	45.0	46.7	-1.1	-2.8
Professional and Technical Services	21.2	21.1	22.4	0.1	-1.2
Management of Companies and Enterprises	5.6	5.7	6.1	-0.1	-0.5
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	17.1	18.2	18.2	-1.1	-1.1
Educational and Health Services	69.3	70.2	68.7	-0.9	0.6
Health Care and Social Assistance	56.3	57.0	56.1	-0.7	0.2
Hospitals	19.2	19.3	19.8	-0.1	-0.6
Leisure and Hospitality	34.6	35.1	34.8	-0.5	-0.2
Other Services	14.4	14.8	14.9	-0.4	-0.5
Government	65.0	66.0	64.5	-1.0	0.5
Federal Government	17.6	17.5	16.5	0.1	1.1
State Government	7.0	6.9	7.2	0.1	-0.2
State Government Education ^f	5.3	5.2	5.6	0.1	-0.3
Local Government	40.4	41.6	40.8	-1.2	-0.4
Local Government Education	22.8	23.6	22.3	-0.8	0.5

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^fIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^gDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Lima

Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Allen



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Lima metropolitan area totaled 51,000 in January 2010, down 700 from December 2009. The service-providing sector lost 500 jobs as declines in trade, transportation, and utilities and government more than offset a gain in educational and health services. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 9,200, decreased 200 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction. Total employment in manufacturing was unchanged over the month.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 300 between January 2009 and January 2010. Service-providing industries lost 700 jobs. Declines were posted in trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, and leisure and hospitality. Employment in educational and health services increased over the year. An improvement in manufacturing more than offset a decrease in mining, logging, and construction to raise employment in the goods-producing sector 400.

Lima MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
51.3	48.9	2.5	4.8%
51.6	49.3	2.3	4.4%
51.6	49.0	2.6	5.0%
51.9	48.6	3.3	6.4%
52.3	48.8	3.5	6.7%
52.3	48.9	3.4	6.5%
52.5	49.4	3.2	6.0%
52.7	49.5	3.2	6.0%
52.1	48.8	3.3	6.3%
51.7	47.9	3.8	7.4%
51.8	46.1	5.8	11.2%
50.8	45.3	5.6	10.9%
51.9	45.8	6.1	11.8%
52.2	45.9	6.2	12.0%
52.0	46.2	5.8	11.1%
52.1	46.4	5.8	11.1%
52.9	46.9	6.0	11.3%
52.5	46.5	5.9	11.3%
52.1	46.5	5.7	10.9%
51.7	46.3	5.4	10.5%
51.8	46.2	5.6	10.8%
51.4	45.8	5.5	10.8%
50.8	45.0	5.8	11.4%
51.0	44.8	6.2	12.2%

Lima MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
58.0	12.6	12.2	5.0	9.0	8.0
59.1	13.0	11.9	5.3	9.3	8.1
58.1	11.8	11.9	5.0	9.6	8.2
57.7	11.1	11.8	4.8	10.0	8.0
57.7	10.6	11.6	4.9	10.1	7.5
57.8	10.5	11.8	4.7	10.5	7.2
57.9	10.8	11.6	5.0	10.6	7.1
56.9	10.0	11.6	4.5	11.0	7.1
55.8	8.8	11.5	4.6	11.3	7.1
54.6	8.3	11.4	4.5	11.5	7.1
52.2	7.6	10.9	4.1	11.3	7.1
51.3	7.1	10.8	4.1	11.3	7.0
52.0	7.6	10.8	4.1	11.4	7.1
52.2	7.5	10.8	4.0	11.4	7.2
52.3	7.6	10.9	4.0	11.4	7.2
52.6	7.6	10.9	4.0	11.3	7.3
52.8	7.9	11.0	4.0	11.1	7.2
51.8	7.2	11.0	4.1	11.1	6.9
52.0	7.5	11.0	4.1	11.0	6.9
52.6	8.0	10.8	4.1	11.4	7.0
52.7	8.0	10.9	4.2	11.5	7.1
52.3	7.9	11.1	4.1	11.4	7.1
51.7	7.8	10.9	4.1	11.3	7.2
51.0	7.8	10.6	4.0	11.6	7.0

Lima MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	51.0	51.7	51.3	-0.7	-0.3
Goods-Producing Industries	9.2	9.4	8.8	-0.2	0.4
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.4	1.6	1.7	-0.2	-0.3
Manufacturing	7.8	7.8	7.1	0.0	0.7
Service-Providing Industries	41.8	42.3	42.5	-0.5	-0.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	10.6	10.9	10.8	-0.3	-0.2
Wholesale Trade	2.6	2.6	2.7	0.0	-0.1
Retail Trade	6.4	6.8	6.6	-0.4	-0.2
Professional and Business Services	4.0	4.1	4.1	-0.1	-0.1
Administrative, Support, and Waste Services	2.6	2.8	2.6	-0.2	0.0
Educational and Health Services	11.6	11.3	11.3	0.3	0.3
Leisure and Hospitality	4.3	4.4	4.4	-0.1	-0.1
Government	7.0	7.2	7.0	-0.2	0.0
Federal Government	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0
State Government	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.0	-0.1
Local Government	5.5	5.7	5.4	-0.2	0.1
Local Government Education	3.5	3.7	3.2	-0.2	0.3

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Mansfield Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Richland



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Mansfield metropolitan area totaled 52,000 in January 2010, down 900 from December 2009. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities and leisure and hospitality helped to lower employment in the service-providing sector 600. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 11,000, decreased 300 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 1,900 between January 2009 and January 2010. The goods-producing sector lost 1,200 jobs over the year due to losses in manufacturing and mining, logging, and construction. Declines in most sectors lowered employment in service-providing industries 700.

Mansfield MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
61.7	57.7	4.0	6.5%
63.3	60.1	3.2	5.1%
63.1	59.8	3.3	5.2%
63.6	59.3	4.3	6.7%
63.9	59.3	4.6	7.2%
63.1	58.5	4.5	7.1%
62.6	58.5	4.1	6.5%
62.6	58.8	3.7	6.0%
62.4	58.4	4.0	6.5%
62.7	58.0	4.7	7.4%
62.6	54.6	7.9	12.7%
62.9	55.2	7.7	12.3%
62.2	54.6	7.6	12.3%
62.0	53.8	8.2	13.2%
61.8	53.9	7.9	12.8%
62.5	54.7	7.8	12.5%
63.5	55.0	8.5	13.4%
64.1	55.6	8.6	13.4%
63.4	55.6	7.8	12.2%
61.6	54.2	7.5	12.1%
62.3	54.6	7.7	12.4%
62.5	54.9	7.6	12.2%
61.9	53.8	8.1	13.0%
61.5	53.1	8.5	13.8%

Mansfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
61.8	16.7	11.9	5.1	6.7	9.0
61.7	16.6	11.5	5.0	7.0	9.2
61.0	15.6	11.5	4.9	7.2	9.3
60.7	15.0	10.9	4.7	7.6	9.3
60.4	14.5	10.5	4.7	7.7	9.1
59.5	13.8	11.0	4.7	7.7	8.9
59.0	13.6	11.3	4.4	7.6	8.9
58.5	13.3	11.3	4.5	7.8	8.6
57.7	12.7	11.1	4.3	8.1	8.7
57.0	11.7	10.9	5.0	8.4	8.5
53.2	9.7	10.2	4.6	8.6	8.3
53.9	10.6	10.2	4.8	8.5	8.2
53.4	10.3	10.0	4.5	8.5	8.4
52.4	9.8	10.0	4.3	8.5	8.4
52.4	9.3	10.1	4.4	8.6	8.5
53.3	9.4	10.2	4.6	8.6	8.4
53.1	8.8	10.4	4.7	8.6	8.3
53.0	9.4	10.4	4.5	8.6	8.0
53.4	9.9	10.3	4.7	8.6	8.0
52.8	9.9	10.0	4.7	8.5	8.0
53.4	9.9	10.0	4.8	8.7	8.3
53.8	9.8	10.4	4.8	8.7	8.4
52.9	9.7	10.3	4.7	8.7	8.2
52.0	9.6	10.1	4.6	8.6	8.3

Mansfield MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	52.0	52.9	53.9	-0.9	-1.9
Goods-Producing Industries	11.0	11.3	12.2	-0.3	-1.2
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.4	1.6	1.6	-0.2	-0.2
Manufacturing^d	9.6	9.7	10.6	-0.1	-1.0
Transportation Equipment	3.3	3.4	3.5	-0.1	-0.2
Service-Providing Industries	41.0	41.6	41.7	-0.6	-0.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	10.1	10.3	10.2	-0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	6.7	7.1	6.9	-0.4	-0.2
Financial Activities	1.7	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	4.6	4.7	4.8	-0.1	-0.2
Educational and Health Services	8.6	8.7	8.5	-0.1	0.1
Leisure and Hospitality	4.7	4.9	5.0	-0.2	-0.3
Other Services	2.1	2.2	2.2	-0.1	-0.1
Government	8.3	8.2	8.2	0.1	0.1
Federal Government	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.1
State Government	1.5	1.4	1.5	0.1	0.0
Local Government	6.1	6.2	6.1	-0.1	0.0
Local Government Education	3.6	3.6	3.4	0.0	0.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Sandusky Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Erie



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Sandusky metropolitan area totaled 33,400 in January 2010, down 900 from December 2009. Service-providing industries lost 700 jobs mainly due to decreases in trade, transportation, and utilities and leisure and hospitality. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 5,600, declined 200 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment advanced 1,000 between January 2009 and January 2010. Higher employment in leisure and hospitality added 800 jobs to service-providing industries. Goods-producing industries advanced 200 due to a modest improvement in manufacturing. The workforce in mining, logging, and construction remained at the year-ago level.

Sandusky MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
41.9	40.1	1.8	4.4%
42.2	40.4	1.8	4.2%
42.4	40.4	2.0	4.7%
43.1	40.6	2.5	5.7%
43.0	40.4	2.6	6.1%
42.7	39.9	2.7	6.4%
42.7	40.0	2.7	6.3%
42.9	40.4	2.5	5.8%
42.6	40.0	2.6	6.0%
43.1	39.9	3.1	7.3%
43.1	38.1	5.0	11.6%
40.7	34.9	5.8	14.2%
40.7	35.2	5.5	13.5%
40.5	35.4	5.1	12.6%
41.6	36.9	4.6	11.2%
44.4	39.8	4.6	10.3%
46.3	41.3	4.9	10.7%
46.9	42.0	4.9	10.5%
46.0	41.5	4.5	9.8%
43.9	39.5	4.4	10.1%
43.0	38.1	4.9	11.5%
41.8	37.0	4.9	11.6%
41.3	36.0	5.3	12.8%
41.1	35.3	5.8	14.2%

Sandusky MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
39.2	9.6	7.2	1.6	4.4	5.2	
39.8	9.6	7.2	1.5	4.4	5.3	
39.6	9.0	7.0	1.4	4.6	5.6	
39.8	8.4	7.0	1.7	4.6	5.7	
39.8	8.1	7.3	1.8	4.4	5.9	
39.3	7.6	7.5	1.8	4.5	5.8	
39.1	7.1	7.4	1.9	4.7	5.7	
38.9	6.8	7.6	1.8	5.1	5.5	
38.2	6.0	7.5	2.0	5.0	5.6	
37.8	5.6	7.1	2.1	5.2	5.6	
36.1	4.8	6.9	1.6	5.2	5.7	
32.4	4.6	6.6	1.6	5.0	5.6	
32.7	4.7	6.5	1.6	5.1	5.7	
32.9	4.8	6.5	1.5	5.1	5.7	
34.6	5.1	6.9	1.6	5.1	5.7	
38.2	4.8	7.0	1.6	5.2	5.7	
39.7	4.6	7.1	1.5	5.2	5.6	
39.9	4.8	7.1	1.5	5.2	5.4	
39.6	4.9	7.0	1.5	5.2	5.5	
38.0	5.0	6.8	1.6	5.2	5.7	
36.4	5.0	6.8	1.7	5.2	5.8	
35.0	4.9	6.9	1.7	5.2	5.8	
34.3	4.9	7.0	1.6	5.2	5.7	
33.4	4.8	6.7	1.6	5.1	5.6	

Sandusky MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	33.4	34.3	32.4	-0.9	1.0
Goods-Producing Industries	5.6	5.8	5.4	-0.2	0.2
Mining, Logging, and Construction	0.8	0.9	0.8	-0.1	0.0
Manufacturing^d	4.8	4.9	4.6	-0.1	0.2
Service-Providing Industries	27.8	28.5	27.0	-0.7	0.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	6.7	7.0	6.6	-0.3	0.1
Wholesale Trade	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	4.5	4.8	4.4	-0.3	0.1
Professional and Business Services	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Educational and Health Services	5.1	5.2	5.0	-0.1	0.1
Leisure and Hospitality	6.9	7.2	5.7	-0.3	1.2
Government	5.6	5.7	5.6	-0.1	0.0
Local Government	4.2	4.3	4.2	-0.1	0.0
Local Government Education	2.4	2.5	2.3	-0.1	0.1

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Springfield Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Clark



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Springfield metropolitan area totaled 48,600 in January 2010, down 1,500 from December 2009. Declines in trade, transportation, and utilities, educational and health services, government, and leisure and hospitality helped lower employment in service-providing industries 1,300. The workforce in the goods-producing sector, at 7,000, declined 200 due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a slight reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 1,800 between January 2009 and January 2010. An over-the-year loss in manufacturing lowered employment in goods-producing industries 1,000. Total employment in mining, logging, and construction was unchanged. Service-providing industries lost 800 jobs. The largest declines were posted in government and trade, transportation, and utilities.

Springfield MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
68.2	65.1	3.1	4.5%
72.4	69.3	3.1	4.3%
72.8	69.1	3.7	5.1%
71.9	66.9	5.0	7.0%
71.1	66.0	5.1	7.2%
70.7	66.0	4.7	6.6%
70.3	65.9	4.4	6.2%
70.8	66.9	3.9	5.5%
71.2	66.8	4.4	6.2%
71.2	66.4	4.8	6.7%
71.4	64.0	7.4	10.4%
70.8	64.2	6.6	9.3%
71.1	64.0	7.1	10.0%
71.4	64.1	7.3	10.2%
71.8	64.6	7.2	10.0%
71.5	64.4	7.1	9.9%
72.4	64.5	7.8	10.8%
72.1	64.1	8.0	11.1%
71.5	63.9	7.6	10.6%
70.8	63.5	7.3	10.3%
71.2	63.7	7.5	10.5%
71.6	64.1	7.5	10.4%
71.0	63.1	7.9	11.1%
70.4	61.8	8.5	12.1%

Springfield MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	56.8	12.6	11.2	3.2	8.5	7.8
2000	57.2	12.6	11.3	3.3	8.5	7.9
2001	56.5	11.5	11.4	3.2	8.6	7.9
2002	54.4	9.6	11.0	3.1	8.8	8.0
2003	53.1	8.3	10.8	3.4	9.6	8.2
2004	53.3	8.1	10.9	3.2	10.1	8.2
2005	52.8	8.1	10.7	3.1	10.2	7.8
2006	52.9	7.9	11.0	3.2	10.1	7.5
2007	52.4	7.4	11.3	3.9	9.7	7.6
2008	52.4	7.3	11.2	4.1	9.7	7.6
2009	50.0	6.3	10.3	3.8	9.8	7.4
2009						
January	50.4	6.9	10.5	3.8	9.7	7.5
February	50.1	6.7	10.4	3.8	9.9	7.5
March	50.1	6.5	10.2	3.8	9.9	7.7
April	50.5	6.5	10.3	3.8	9.7	7.8
May	50.4	6.3	10.3	3.8	9.6	7.7
June	50.1	6.2	10.3	3.8	9.3	7.7
July	49.1	5.9	10.3	3.7	9.2	7.3
August	49.2	6.0	10.2	3.8	9.3	7.2
September	49.5	6.1	10.2	3.8	9.8	7.2
October	50.0	6.1	10.3	3.8	10.1	7.2
November	50.6	6.0	10.5	3.9	10.2	7.1
December	50.1	6.0	10.5	3.8	10.3	7.1
2010						
January	48.6	5.9	10.1	3.7	10.0	6.8

Springfield MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	48.6	50.1	50.4	-1.5	-1.8
Goods-Producing Industries	7.0	7.2	8.0	-0.2	-1.0
Mining, Logging, and Construction	1.1	1.2	1.1	-0.1	0.0
Manufacturing^d	5.9	6.0	6.9	-0.1	-1.0
Service-Providing Industries	41.6	42.9	42.4	-1.3	-0.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	10.1	10.5	10.5	-0.4	-0.4
Wholesale Trade	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	5.7	6.1	5.9	-0.4	-0.2
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	2.6	2.6	2.8	0.0	-0.2
Financial Activities	3.1	3.2	3.2	-0.1	-0.1
Professional and Business Services	3.7	3.8	3.8	-0.1	-0.1
Educational and Health Services	10.0	10.3	9.7	-0.3	0.3
Leisure and Hospitality	4.7	4.9	4.7	-0.2	0.0
Other Services	2.5	2.5	2.6	0.0	-0.1
Government	6.8	7.1	7.5	-0.3	-0.7
Federal Government	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
State Government	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	-0.1
Local Government	5.9	6.2	6.5	-0.3	-0.6
Local Government Education	3.4	3.6	3.7	-0.2	-0.3

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Steubenville-Weirton

Metropolitan

Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio
County
Jefferson

West
Virginia
Counties
Brooke
Hancock



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Steubenville-Weirton metropolitan area totaled 42,900 in January 2010, down 900 from December 2009. Decreases in trade, transportation, and utilities, educational and health services, and leisure and hospitality helped lower employment in the service-providing sector 900. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 8,200, remained at the December level. A modest improvement in manufacturing offset less business in mining, logging, and construction.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dropped 4,200 between January 2009 and January 2010. The goods-producing industries lost 2,800 jobs over the year due to losses in mining, logging, and construction (-1,600) and manufacturing (-1,200). The service-providing sector declined 1,400. The largest reduction occurred in professional and business services (-400).

Weirton-Steubenville MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
56.6	52.9	3.7	6.5%
59.2	56.2	3.1	5.2%
58.7	55.5	3.2	5.4%
58.5	54.9	3.6	6.2%
58.7	54.7	3.9	6.7%
58.1	53.6	4.5	7.7%
57.6	53.4	4.2	7.3%
57.3	53.3	4.0	6.9%
57.3	53.9	3.4	6.0%
58.5	54.7	3.8	6.5%
58.6	51.7	6.9	11.9%
58.6	52.8	5.8	9.9%
59.1	52.9	6.2	10.5%
58.6	52.6	6.1	10.3%
59.3	52.7	6.6	11.1%
59.3	52.5	6.8	11.5%
59.5	52.2	7.3	12.3%
59.4	51.9	7.5	12.6%
58.7	51.4	7.3	12.5%
58.2	51.1	7.1	12.2%
58.3	50.8	7.5	12.8%
57.8	50.3	7.5	12.9%
56.5	48.8	7.7	13.7%
56.5	47.8	8.7	15.4%

Weirton-Steubenville MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
1999	50.8	13.1	8.8	2.6	7.7	6.5
2000	50.1	12.7	8.7	2.3	7.8	6.6
2001	49.6	11.7	8.7	2.3	8.8	6.5
2002	49.7	11.5	8.5	2.4	8.9	6.5
2003	49.9	10.6	8.6	2.9 ^a	9.3	6.4
2004	48.7	9.7	8.6	3.0	9.2	6.3
2005	48.1	9.3	8.6	3.0	9.1	6.3
2006	47.5	8.5	8.6	3.3	9.3	6.3
2007	47.8	8.2	9.3	2.4	9.3	6.3
2008	48.9	7.9	9.2	2.1	9.2	6.5
2009	46.0	6.5	9.0	1.9	9.1	6.4
2009						
January	47.1	7.4	8.9	2.1	8.8	6.2
February	47.3	7.4	8.9	2.0	9.6	6.4
March	47.1	7.3	8.9	2.0	9.5	6.3
April	47.0	6.8	9.0	2.0	9.3	6.6
May	46.8	6.5	9.1	1.9	9.3	6.6
June	46.1	6.3	9.1	2.0	8.7	6.6
July	45.1	6.2	9.1	1.9	8.4	6.2
August	45.1	6.1	9.0	1.9	8.6	6.2
September	45.5	6.1	9.0	1.9	9.2	6.3
October	45.4	6.1	9.1	1.8	9.2	6.4
November	45.1	6.1	9.2	1.8	9.2	6.5
December	43.8	6.0	9.0	1.8	9.0	6.4
2010						
January	42.9	6.2	8.8	1.7	8.8	6.3

^aNot comparable to previous estimates due to change in industry definition.

Steubenville-Weirton MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment <i>(in thousands)</i>			Change <i>(in thousands)</i>	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	42.9	43.8	47.1	-0.9	-4.2
Goods-Producing Industries	8.2	8.2	11.0	0.0	-2.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	2.0	2.2	3.6	-0.2	-1.6
Manufacturing^d	6.2	6.0	7.4	0.2	-1.2
Service-Providing Industries	34.7	35.6	36.1	-0.9	-1.4
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	8.8	9.0	8.9	-0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	4.9	5.0	4.9	-0.1	0.0
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	3.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
Professional and Business Services	1.7	1.8	2.1	-0.1	-0.4
Educational and Health Services	8.8	9.0	8.8	-0.2	0.0
Leisure and Hospitality	5.4	5.6	5.5	-0.2	-0.1
Government	6.3	6.4	6.2	-0.1	0.1
Local Government	5.6	5.7	5.6	-0.1	0.0
Local Government Education	3.1	3.2	3.1	-0.1	0.0

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; transportation equipment; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Toledo Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted



Fulton
Lucas
Ottawa
Wood

Nonfarm payroll employment in the Toledo metropolitan area totaled 286,900 in January 2010, down 10,600 from December 2009. Decreases in professional and business services, trade, transportation, and utilities, government, and leisure and hospitality helped lower employment in service-providing industries 8,300. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 44,900, declined 2,300 over the month due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 9,600 between January 2009 and January 2010. The service-providing sector lost 5,700 jobs over the year. The largest declines occurred in trade, transportation, and utilities (-3,100), professional and business services (-1,800), and financial activities (-700). Losses in manufacturing (-2,700) and mining, logging, and construction (-1,200) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 3,900.

Toledo MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
341.5	324.7	16.8	4.9%
337.7	323.2	14.6	4.3%
337.5	321.3	16.1	4.8%
335.5	313.8	21.7	6.5%
335.0	311.3	23.8	7.1%
335.2	311.8	23.4	7.0%
336.5	314.6	21.9	6.5%
339.9	319.5	20.5	6.0%
337.9	316.1	21.8	6.4%
336.3	309.4	26.9	8.0%
332.9	292.5	40.4	12.1%
332.8	290.6	42.2	12.7%
331.6	292.0	39.6	11.9%
331.1	292.2	38.9	11.8%
333.0	295.2	37.8	11.3%
334.6	293.1	41.5	12.4%
336.4	291.4	44.9	13.4%
339.1	294.6	44.5	13.1%
332.8	293.9	38.8	11.7%
331.8	294.2	37.7	11.4%
331.8	293.2	38.6	11.6%
331.0	292.0	39.1	11.8%
328.6	287.7	40.9	12.4%
323.4	279.4	44.0	13.6%

Toledo MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)						
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport, Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government	
343.4	61.9	71.4	36.5	43.3	49.7	
347.0	62.3	71.9	37.2	43.5	50.2	
342.3	58.6	70.7	35.9	44.8	50.4	
334.0	55.2	67.3	33.5	46.7	50.9	
330.1	52.7	66.0	33.8	46.2	50.8	
330.4	51.8	64.9	34.7	47.5	50.0	
331.7	51.1	64.9	34.1	50.0	50.4	
332.3	50.3	65.2	34.3	51.1	50.7	
326.6	47.9	64.1	34.0	51.2	50.4	
318.8	44.1	63.6	33.1	51.8	50.2	
297.7	36.0	58.2	30.2	52.1	49.7	
296.5	37.8	59.2	29.7	51.7	49.7	
297.9	38.3	58.4	30.2	51.7	51.2	
297.5	37.6	58.0	30.2	51.7	51.1	
300.0	37.2	58.3	30.3	51.9	51.9	
298.6	33.9	58.5	30.0	52.3	50.5	
294.5	32.4	58.6	29.3	52.4	47.0	
294.5	34.5	58.5	29.6	51.8	45.5	
294.9	36.0	58.1	29.6	51.8	45.5	
300.5	36.4	57.9	30.6	52.1	50.4	
300.0	36.3	57.2	31.0	52.3	51.4	
299.5	35.9	57.5	31.2	52.4	51.4	
297.5	35.8	57.7	30.6	52.6	50.8	
286.9	35.1	56.1	27.9	51.8	49.4	

Toledo MSA
Nonagricultural
Wage & Salary Employment ^a
Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	286.9	297.5	296.5	-10.6	-9.6
Goods-Producing Industries	44.9	47.2	48.8	-2.3	-3.9
Mining, Logging, and Construction	9.8	11.4	11.0	-1.6	-1.2
Manufacturing	35.1	35.8	37.8	-0.7	-2.7
Durable Goods ^d	23.9	24.4	26.1	-0.5	-2.2
Nonmetallic Mineral Products	4.5	4.7	5.0	-0.2	-0.5
Transportation Equipment	6.6	6.9	6.4	-0.3	0.2
Service-Providing Industries	242.0	250.3	247.7	-8.3	-5.7
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	56.1	57.7	59.2	-1.6	-3.1
Wholesale Trade	10.7	11.1	11.5	-0.4	-0.8
Retail Trade	32.6	33.4	33.8	-0.8	-1.2
General Merchandise Stores	8.2	8.7	8.5	-0.5	-0.3
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	12.8	13.2	13.9	-0.4	-1.1
Transportation and Warehousing	11.3	11.7	12.2	-0.4	-0.9
Information	3.2	3.2	3.3	0.0	-0.1
Financial Activities	11.0	11.2	11.7	-0.2	-0.7
Professional and Business Services	27.9	30.6	29.7	-2.7	-1.8
Professional and Technical Services	10.5	10.6	11.2	-0.1	-0.7
Administrative, Support and Waste Services	14.2	15.2	14.2	-1.0	0.0
Educational and Health Services	51.8	52.6	51.7	-0.8	0.1
Health Care and Social Assistance	47.1	47.8	46.9	-0.7	0.2
Hospitals	16.3	16.3	16.5	0.0	-0.2
Leisure and Hospitality	29.0	30.3	28.8	-1.3	0.2
Accommodation and Food Services	25.4	26.2	25.4	-0.8	0.0
Other Services	13.6	13.9	13.6	-0.3	0.0
Government	49.4	50.8	49.7	-1.4	-0.3
Federal Government	2.4	2.4	2.5	0.0	-0.1
State Government	16.3	17.3	16.3	-1.0	0.0
State Government Education [†]	11.5	12.5	11.7	-1.0	-0.2
Local Government	30.7	31.1	30.9	-0.4	-0.2
Local Government Education	17.3	17.8	17.1	-0.5	0.2

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; primary metals; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. [†]Includes State universities. Excludes hospitals, the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. [‡]Depressed due to labor-management disputes.

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman Metropolitan Statistical Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Ohio
Counties
Mahoning
Trumbull

PA
County
Mercer



Nonfarm payroll employment in the Youngstown-Warren-Boardman metropolitan area totaled 212,900 in January 2010, down 7,200 from December 2009. Decreases in trade, transportation, and utilities, professional and business services, leisure and hospitality, and educational and health services helped lower employment in the service-providing sector 5,600. The workforce in goods-producing industries, at 33,500, declined 1,600 over the month due to less business in mining, logging, and construction and a reduction in manufacturing.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell 5,600 between January 2009 and January 2010. The service-providing sector lost 3,800 jobs over the year. The most significant declines were posted in professional and business services (-2,400) and trade, transportation, and utilities (-1,900). Losses in manufacturing (-1,000) and mining, logging, and construction (-800) lowered employment in goods-producing industries 1,800

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Civilian Labor Force (in thousands)			Unemployment Rate
Total	Employed	Unemployed	
287.5	272.0	15.5	5.4%
284.5	270.2	14.3	5.0%
280.9	264.5	16.4	5.8%
280.0	261.2	18.8	6.7%
280.0	259.8	20.2	7.2%
279.5	259.2	20.3	7.3%
280.4	261.7	18.7	6.7%
280.8	263.7	17.1	6.1%
277.8	261.0	16.9	6.1%
277.6	257.4	20.2	7.3%
278.4	243.0	35.4	12.7%
277.7	242.2	35.5	12.8%
278.1	242.8	35.3	12.7%
278.2	243.1	35.1	12.6%
276.9	243.1	33.8	12.2%
279.0	244.5	34.5	12.4%
282.1	243.8	38.3	13.6%
283.9	245.4	38.5	13.6%
279.0	243.7	35.3	12.6%
276.9	242.6	34.3	12.4%
277.6	243.1	34.4	12.4%
275.8	240.6	35.3	12.8%
275.4	240.5	34.9	12.7%
272.2	235.0	37.2	13.7%

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA Nonagricultural Wage & Salary Employment (in thousands)					
Total	Manu- facturing	Trade, Transport., Utilities	Professional & Business Services	Educational & Health Services	Government
256.1	54.4	53.7	21.7	36.5	31.6
256.6	52.8	54.8	20.7	37.3	32.2
248.9	47.9	53.0	19.9	38.3	32.6
246.1	45.1	51.2	20.4	39.8	32.6
243.5	42.5	51.0	18.7	40.9	32.6
243.1	41.3	51.1	19.1	41.9	32.2
244.5	41.0	51.4	20.6	42.8	31.6
243.3	40.1	51.7	20.9	42.3	31.7
239.5	36.3	51.9	20.8	42.8	31.4
234.8	34.8	50.6	20.4	42.9	31.4
219.1	26.3	47.1	19.0	43.5	31.3
218.5	27.4	47.8	19.2	43.3	31.3
219.3	29.3	46.7	19.1	43.4	31.5
219.7	28.6	46.8	18.9	43.5	31.9
219.2	26.7	46.7	19.2	43.6	31.8
221.1	25.9	47.2	19.2	43.8	32.3
218.9	24.8	47.3	19.3	43.2	30.5
217.4	24.9	47.0	19.3	43.0	29.2
216.7	25.5	46.5	19.4	42.8	29.0
219.4	25.6	46.6	19.2	43.4	31.2
220.9	26.8	46.8	18.5	43.7	32.5
218.3	23.7	47.8	18.3	43.8	32.6
220.1	26.8	47.7	18.1	43.9	32.3
212.9	26.4	45.9	16.8	43.1	31.8

Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA

Nonagricultural

Wage & Salary Employment ^a

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Employment (in thousands)			Change (in thousands)	
	January 2010 ^b	December 2009 ^c	January 2009 ^c	From Last Month	From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	212.9	220.1	218.5	-7.2	-5.6
Goods-Producing Industries	33.5	35.1	35.3	-1.6	-1.8
Mining, Logging, and Construction	7.1	8.3	7.9	-1.2	-0.8
Manufacturing^d	26.4	26.8	27.4	-0.4	-1.0
Durable Goods	21.7	22.0	22.5	-0.3	-0.8
Primary Metals	6.2	6.2	7.4	0.0	-1.2
Service-Providing Industries	179.4	185.0	183.2	-5.6	-3.8
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	45.9	47.7	47.8	-1.8	-1.9
Wholesale Trade	8.4	8.6	9.0	-0.2	-0.6
Retail Trade	29.3	30.7	30.2	-1.4	-0.9
General Merchandise Stores	5.7	6.2	5.6	-0.5	0.1
Transportation, Warehousing, and Utilities	8.2	8.4	8.6	-0.2	-0.4
Information	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-0.1
Financial Activities	8.5	8.6	8.8	-0.1	-0.3
Financial and Insurance	6.0	6.1	6.2	-0.1	-0.2
Professional and Business Services	16.8	18.1	19.2	-1.3	-2.4
Educational and Health Services	43.1	43.9	43.3	-0.8	-0.2
Health Care and Social Assistance	39.6	40.0	39.6	-0.4	0.0
Hospitals	9.9	10.0	10.3	-0.1	-0.4
Leisure and Hospitality	20.6	21.5	19.8	-0.9	0.8
Other Services	9.9	10.1	10.1	-0.2	-0.2
Government	31.8	32.3	31.3	-0.5	0.5
Federal Government	2.0	2.0	2.1	0.0	-0.1
State Government	6.7	6.9	6.1	-0.2	0.6
State Government Education ^e	3.7	3.9	3.3	-0.2	0.4
Local Government	23.1	23.4	23.1	-0.3	0.0
Local Government Education	14.5	14.7	14.0	-0.2	0.5

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; fabricated metal products; machinery manufacturing; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment and appliance manufacturing; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing; food manufacturing; beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemical manufacturing; plastics and rubber products. ^eIncludes State universities. Excludes the agricultural extension service, agricultural research centers, and the Ohio Department of Education. ^fDepressed due to labor-management disputes.

Ohio and MSA Hours and Earnings of All Employees

Not Seasonally Adjusted

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2009	Jan. 2009	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2009	Jan. 2009	Jan. 2010	Dec. 2009	Jan. 2009
Ohio									
Total Private	\$667.98	\$671.97	\$650.65	33.2	33.2	32.5	\$20.12	\$20.24	\$20.02
Goods-Producing Industries	\$835.18	\$836.53	\$789.16	38.9	38.8	36.2	\$21.47	\$21.56	\$21.80
Construction	\$931.86	\$942.00	\$869.79	37.2	37.5	35.3	\$25.05	\$25.12	\$24.64
Manufacturing	\$833.85	\$840.31	\$823.06	39.5	39.6	37.6	\$21.11	\$21.22	\$21.89
Private Service-Providing	\$630.03	\$633.85	\$616.52	31.9	31.9	31.6	\$19.75	\$19.87	\$19.51
Trade, Transportation, and Utilities	\$612.05	\$614.54	\$605.73	33.3	33.6	33.1	\$18.38	\$18.29	\$18.30
Financial Activities	\$857.56	\$852.28	\$864.80	36.9	36.5	36.8	\$23.24	\$23.35	\$23.50
Professional and Business Services	\$831.10	\$820.80	\$847.37	34.4	34.2	34.7	\$24.16	\$24.00	\$24.42
Educational and Health Services	\$667.00	\$670.43	\$626.93	32.6	32.8	32.2	\$20.46	\$20.44	\$19.47
Leisure and Hospitality	\$261.03	\$265.74	\$247.98	23.1	23.6	22.3	\$11.30	\$11.26	\$11.12
Other Services	\$497.65	\$489.84	\$509.18	30.4	30.2	31.2	\$16.37	\$16.22	\$16.32

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)									
Akron MSA									
Total Private	\$709.72	\$709.06	\$674.58	35.7	35.4	34.4	\$19.88	\$20.03	\$19.61
Canton-Massillon MSA									
Total Private	\$563.94	\$571.39	\$541.02	31.7	32.3	31.9	\$17.79	\$17.69	\$16.96
Cincinnati-Middletown MSA									
Total Private	\$713.86	\$710.73	\$700.26	33.8	33.7	33.0	\$21.12	\$21.09	\$21.22
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor MSA									
Total Private	\$698.65	\$688.43	\$708.11	33.8	33.5	33.8	\$20.67	\$20.55	\$20.95
Columbus									
Total Private	\$717.42	\$726.62	\$712.96	33.0	33.5	32.6	\$21.74	\$21.69	\$21.87
Dayton MSA									
Total Private	\$747.40	\$754.12	\$754.97	34.3	34.8	34.6	\$21.79	\$21.67	\$21.82
Lima MSA									
Total Private	\$664.43	\$674.56	\$655.40	31.7	32.0	31.8	\$20.96	\$21.08	\$20.61
Mansfield MSA									
Total Private	\$691.89	\$691.90	\$646.46	33.8	34.0	33.6	\$20.47	\$20.35	\$19.24
Sandusky MSA									
Total Private	\$559.09	\$553.73	\$551.48	32.6	32.1	32.1	\$17.15	\$17.25	\$17.18
Springfield MSA									
Total Private	\$560.95	\$567.39	\$557.56	37.1	37.7	36.9	\$15.12	\$15.05	\$15.11
Steubenville-Weirton									
Total Private	\$640.85	\$642.32	\$671.33	33.8	33.7	33.3	\$18.96	\$19.06	\$20.16
Toledo									
Total Private	\$718.63	\$718.96	\$705.21	32.4	32.4	33.0	\$22.18	\$22.19	\$21.37
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman MSA									
Total Private	\$710.85	\$718.08	\$713.12	35.0	35.2	34.5	\$20.31	\$20.40	\$20.67

^aSee Technical Notes for concepts. ^bPreliminary. ^cRevised. ^dIncludes wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; computer and electronic products; electrical equipment, appliances, and components; furniture and related products; miscellaneous manufacturing. ^eIncludes beverage and tobacco products; textile mills; textile product mills; apparel manufacturing; leather and allied products; paper manufacturing; printing and related support activities; petroleum and coal products; chemicals; plastics and rubber products. ^fMoney payments only.

Technical Notes

Civilian Labor Force Estimates

Civilian Labor Force. Estimated number of persons 16 years of age and over, employed or unemployed during week including 12th of month, distributed by place of residence.

Total Employed. Includes nonagricultural wage and salary workers, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, domestics, agricultural workers, and persons involved in labor disputes. Employment distributed by place of residence.

Total Unemployed. Estimated number of persons, by place of residence, who did not work during reference week and were looking for work, whether or not eligible for unemployment compensation. Includes those who did not work and were waiting to be called back to an old job or to report to a new job.

Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment

Collection. Nonagricultural wage and salary employment as well as hours and earnings estimates based on monthly reports from sample of employers. Under cooperative arrangement with U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Ohio Department of Job and Family Services Bureau of Labor Market Information mails, edits, and processes Ohio reports, which are subsequently incorporated in national data.

Industrial Classification. Employer establishments classified by industry based on their principal product or service. The "North American Industry Classification System" (U.S. Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C., 2002) used for classification.

Coverage. Monthly reports on employment and (for many industries) payroll and hours obtained from approximately 12,100 Ohio employers.

Nonagricultural Employment. Persons who worked during, or received pay for, any part of pay periods which include 12th of the month, distributed by place of employment. Includes persons on paid sick leave, paid holiday, or paid vacation. Excluded are persons laid off, on strike, or on unpaid vacation during entire reporting period. Proprietors, the self-employed, unpaid family workers, farm workers, and domestic workers also excluded. Government employment covers only civilian employees. Full-time teachers considered employed during the summer vacation period, whether or not paid in those months.

Estimating Method. Total employment is estimated from the employment of establishments reporting for two consecutive months, as follows:

$$\text{Total Employment (Current month)} = \frac{\text{Current Sample Employment}}{\text{Previous Sample Employment}} \times \text{Total Employment (Previous month)}$$

Benchmark Data. Employment estimates compared annually with complete count of employment, by industry. Where revisions necessary, monthly estimates adjusted to new benchmark. Following revisions to new benchmark, industry data projected forward to current month by use of sample trends. Basic source of benchmark information is tabulations of employment data, by industry and area, compiled from contribution reports of employers covered under Ohio Unemployment Compensation Law. Data are based on March 2008 benchmark.

Seasonally Adjusted Estimates

Seasonal Adjustment. To facilitate interpretation of underlying economic trends, selected Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment series are presented with short-term effects of seasonal patterns removed.

Hours and Earnings

Method of Computing Averages. Average hours computed by dividing total production worker hours worked during one week (the seven-day periods which include 12th of the month) by number of production workers reported for such week. Average hourly earnings computed by dividing total production worker payroll for one week by total production worker hours for week. Average weekly earnings derived by multiplying average hourly earnings by average weekly hours.

Definitions. Definitions of production or similar workers, payroll, and hours-from which average hours and earnings data are derived--follow:

Production Workers. Includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspection, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (such as power plant), and record keeping and other services closely associated with production operations.

Nonsupervisory Workers. Includes employees (not above working supervisory level) such as office and clerical workers, repairers, salespersons, operators, drivers, attendants, service employees, line installers, laborers, accountants, janitors, guards, and other employees whose services are closely associated with those of occupations listed.

Payroll. Represents payroll for full- and part-time production, construction, or nonsupervisory workers who received pay for any part of pay periods which include 12th of month. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, group insurance, withholding tax, bonds, and union dues; also includes pay for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave paid directly by the firm. Bonuses (unless earned and paid regularly each pay period), tips, pay not earned in pay period reported (such as retroactive pay), and value of free rent, fuel, meals, or other payments in kind, excluded.

Employment Error Measures. Error measures for state and area employment estimates are available on the following website:
<http://www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm>.



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Job and Family Services

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Current Employment Statistics

This periodical is published by the Ohio Department of Job and Family Services in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor. For further information, contact Keith Ewald, Bureau Chief, Bureau of Labor Market Information at (614) 752-9494.

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Ted Strickland, **Governor**
State of Ohio

Douglas E. Lumpkin, **Director**
Ohio Department of Job and Family Services

Office of Workforce Development
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